# firemasors (1)monite; a weekly record of masonio intelligence. 

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## KNIGHTS TEMPLAR IN CANADA.

THE third annual Assembly of the Sovereign Great Priory of Canada was recently held in the Masonic Hall, Windsor, Ont., under the presidency of Sir Knight J. A. Henderson, Q.C., the acting Grand Master, who was supported by Sir Knig̣ht Henry Robertson as Deputy Grand Master, the Provincial Priors of the London, Toronto and Kingston Districts, a number of past and present Grand Officers, and others. Great Priory was opened in due form at ten a.m., the acting Grand Prelate imploring a blessing upon the proceedings. The Credentials Committee then reported that of the twenty-eight Preceptories on the roll, eighteen were represented by their regular representatives and five by proxy, leaving five unrepresented; this report was adopted, and then the admission to the Assembly of Great Priory of all Knights Templar in good standing was authorised. The minutes having been confirmed, letters were read from several Grand Officers, among them being the Supreme Grand Master, expressing regret that unavoidable circumstances prevented their attendance. Petitions were received from several Knights Templar, residing in Truro, Nova Scotia, and Melbourne, Victoria, praying for Warrants to open Preceptories at those places, which petitions were referred to the Grand Council.
The Deputy Grand Master then read the Allocution of the Supreme Grand Master, in which, after offering hearty greetings to his Fratres, the head of the Order proceeded to pay a tribute to the memory of those Knights Templar of the jurisdiction who had died during the past year; among them being Dr. Robert Ramsay, who was well known as a writer on the various occult degrees and rites of Masonry, and as a prominent member of several High Degrees. The Grand Master next refers to the edict of non-intercourse with the Scottish Templars of New Brunswick, which he regrets to say is still in force. The exist. ence of Scottish Encampments in the Dominion had always been to him a matter of indifference, whether they remained an isolated body or amalgamated with the English jurisdiction, and none could deplore more than he did the necessity that Great Priory felt of issuing the edict, the principle of which was so mach at variance with the usages of Masonic law in England, by which, until of late, in Templar matters, they have been guided, viz., "That a Grand Body, by its mere creation, cannot invalidate Subordinate Bodies already existing in the territory over which it assumes jurisdiction." Great Priory, however, on declaring sovereign authority in Canada, adopted the "American system" of exclusive jurisdiction for governing Masonic powers, which was also established by the United States Templars as a fundamental principle. Such being the law of unanimity on this Continent, it appeared to him incumbent, and a duty to the whole Order, on the part of the Scottish Encampments of New Brunswick, to join the Great Priory of Canada, after its separation from "Convent General," it then being an acknowledged, lawfully independent governing power of the Dominion. There cannot be the slightest doubt, he thinks, that the Chapter Gencral of Scotland would have released the new Brunswick Templars from their allegiance, as readily as H.R.H. the Prince of Wales did those of Canada, if they chose to ask for it, but it seemed to him that, at all hazards, they were determined
the way of any amalgamation. This, he considered, was but a repetition of the old, much to be regretted, unwise, and unnecessarily-provoked quarrel by the Grand Lodge of Scotland with that of Quebec. It was essential for Masonic peace and unity that one Masonic power should not create subordinates, or continue to exercise authority over such as did exist, occupied by another independent co-equai power. Even if the naked right existed, there were ample considerations that forbade its exercise. This, he thought, was now the settled Masonic law, and alike applicable to the Templar system. Great Priory, bearing all this in mind, felt it incumbent at the very outsot to assert their supremacy, and at once put down any attempt at innovation of their rights, by issuing an edict of non-intercourse with all foreign Templar bodies in the Dominion. But he could not help thinking that had a little more time been taken for consideration, and less engerness shown to precipitate matters, in their anxicty and determination for immediate independence, much of the present difficulty might have been avoided. His opinion was strongly in favour of establishing Provincial Priories in Quebec, Nova Scotia, and New Brunswick, \&c., when a sufficient number of Preceptories had been organized in each-three at least -and the members prepared to form the Provincial bodies, who should send duly appointed representatives to Great Priory acknowledging fealty to the Sovereign body; this would leave the Provinces of the Dominion in the same position as Canada was formerly to England, and still be a united body of Templars in Canada. He was satisfied that more interest would be taken in working and disseminating the Templar system if this plan was adopted. The Province of New Brunswick having, with the Scottish Encampments, the legal number of Preceptories, the Grand Master suggested that the Great Priory, under all circumstances, should at once give the subject mature and deliberate consideration, of making this proposition to the New Brunswick Scottish body, to establish an independent Provincial Priory, and thus if possible barmoniously end a controversy so foreign and out of character to the principles of the Christian Order which they represent, and, in the words of a great statesman, prove "That concession of local government is not the way to sap and impair, but to streng'then and consolidate unity." Dispensations granted for the opening of new Preceptories having been referred to, the subject of the Revised Statates receive attention. "The Rituals of the Templar System," a sketch of the history of the Templar Order, its rise and progress, and other matters of a kindred character, form the remaining portion of the Allocntion, which, on motion duly made, was referred to the Grand Council for report.

Reports were then presented from the Provincial Priors of the London, Hamilton, Toronto, Kingston, Quebec, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotin Districts. The Provincial Prior of the London District regrets that from his own observations, and from communications received, it is his duty to report that there is not the same zeal and activity manifested in Templary as in other branches of Masonry, and which he deems should be preeminently shown forth in the noble Christian Order. During the year, invitations were extended to all the Preceptories in the District, to witness the exemplification of the Templar Degrecs by Windsor Preceptory; these were accepted by several Pratres of London and St. Thomas Preceptories. After the conferring of the degrees, the Fratres sat down to a banquet, prepared by Windsor Preceptory, when a very enjoyable
time was spent in rerewing old frientships and this interchange of ideas, as to the aims and purposes of our noble Order. He belioves that sneh re-unions should be of more frequent cecurrence, as they teud to bring the Fratres of the different Preceptories into closer fellowship with each other, and fraternal associations and friondships are formed, which materially advance the iuterests of Knight Templarism. The Provincial Prior of Hamilton District reports that he had the plasure of assisting at the presentation of a beautiful jewel to V.E. Sir Kuight Thomas Hood, Preceptor of Godfrey de Bouillon Preceptory ; and also in in stalling the officers on the same occasion. The Officers of the various Precept ries, he says, are zenlons, ardent lovers of the Order, and are doing all in their power to further the interests of Kuight Templarism in their several Preceptories. The Prior of Kingston was happy to state that none of the Preceptories in his District have adopted, or appear to have any desire to adopt, the showy and unsuitable military dress that some of the Western l'ratres now use, and for this reason applications for membership in the Templar Order in this District are likely to come from those only who desire to join the Order from a conviction that its teachings are pure and elevating, rather than from a wish to exhibit themselves in public parades and quasi-military drills. The Provincial Prior of New Branswick reports that since the issuance of the edict of non-intercourse with the members of the two Scottish Encampments in his jurisliction, the position of affairs remains unchanged, and excepting in one instance, the edict of Great Priory has been generally observed. It is felt, however, that a settlement of the difficnlty, and a renewal of fraternal feeling would be viewed by those who have the welfare of tho Order at heart with satisfaction. Yet it appears that nothing will dislodge the Fratres of the Scottish Encampments from the position taken, that "New Brunswick is unoccupied Knight Templar territory." It is needless to state other than that the opposition is strong, and admit edly active. This is apparent not ouly in the issuance of the printed statement by the Encampment of St. John, R.S., under date of the 2nd July 1885, explanatory of its position, and challenging, as it were, that assumed by the Great Priory of Canada, but in the publication of numerous articles on the question, which have appeared in Masonic jouruals in the United States, some of them adding weight of approval to the stand taken. It is interesting to note that the printed statement alluded to was issued directly by the Encampment of St. John, and immediately placed in the hands of those high in Templar authority in the United States, a favour not extended to either the Graud Master or Grand Chaucellor, so it is said. The reply, however, to that printed statement, when it did come, from the M.E. the Supreme Graud Master, and the Grand Chancellor, R.E. Frater Daniel Spry, dated 20th January 1886, published in full in the Toronto Evening Telegram, Craftsman, and other journals, was considered offective, clear, and scholarly; the many points adduced so forcibly met that Knights Templar could not fail to be enlightened on the question at issuc. As the Grand Encampment of the United States meets in St. Louis in September next, an opportanity will be given to that body to cousider the question of encroachment of territory in this jarisdiction by the Scottish Encampments. Viewing the proposed meetiug in any light, whatever action may be taken will be interesting, and considered an event in the history of Templar Masonry, as doubtless the members of Grand Encampment have a keen comprehension of the scope and underlying principles involved; that wise counsels will prevail, and a decision arrived at which may facilitate an early settlement of the alienation between the respective Knights Templar bodies, before the situation becomes additionally complicated; that it will array itself in favour of home rule in Templar Masonry for Canada, and by a statutory regulation declare that the law in respect to territorial rights in America is immatable,-by so doing it will assist in kuitting together all Knights Templar in the Dominion under one governing power. Not that we desire that the Grand Encampment should make itself a party to the strict enforcement of right, but of the reasonableness with which the right is asserted. Already the Grand Encampuent of the United States has given generous recognition to Great Priory, without condition or limitation, also exchanged Representatives therewith. The only essential thing now ooked for is the heartiness of any action "hich will give practical effect to their own doctrine of $\mathrm{S} w: \mathrm{e}$ and territorial rights. Let it be in accoril
with the popular sentiment of home rule in Templar Masonry.
The annual statement of accounts was next submitted, and then followed the report of the Grand Council on the Allocution of the Supreme Grand Master. This Counci heartily approves of the remarks of the Supreme Grand Master, "That the course pursued by the Sovereign Great Priory has been the wisest" in regard to the New Brunswick matter, and the report thus proceeds: It mast be ixpected, however, that any course of action, even when adopted after mature deliberation, will not meet, beyond the Dominion of Canada, with unanimons approval. The doctrine of exclusive jurisdiction which is accepted by all governing Masonic bodies on this continent, must, if acted on at all, be acted on fully and freely. The Sovereign Great Priory accepts that doctrine in its unrestricted sense. The Grand Council are, however, inclined to believe that sectional feelings and prejudices exist, which having previously disturbed the Templar harmony in New Brunswick, were at the outset an hindrance to the Great Priory carrying out amicably its objects in that Province, and continue to prevent that kindly adjustment of differences which the Sovereign Great Priory would approach in a proper spirit. The Grand Council believe that the time will soon arrive when on all sides will be hailed, with kindly emotions, the silver lining which is undoubtedly behind the present cloud. The history of the Templar Order, says the Council, so far as relates to its connection with Ireemasonry, is admittedly shrouded with such uncertainty, that even the best historians on the subject, and among whom may be well reokoned their Supreme Grand Master, feel compelled to rear a superstructure, pleasing no doubt, but not able to bear strict historic tests. But their Supreme Grand Master has shown such diligent and profound research that he has removed from the history of the Order many of the doubts which have enshrouded it. The Conncil believes it is wiser for Templars to depend on their own actions for what they profess to be than merely to live on the renown of their predecessors, heightened by traditional colouring. The Grand Council regrets that the Supreme Grand Master, through ill health, is unable to preside over the deliberations of the Sovereign Great Priory. It is fervently hoped that he may again be blessed with good health. His presence and advice are not only sources of strength, but they inculcate that spirit of loyalty to the Sovereign and fidelity to the principles of the Order, which have ever been conspicuous in Sovereign Great Priory. The report was subsequently adopted, as also were those on Audit and Finance, on the condition of the Order of the Temple in Canada, on grievances and appeals, on Warants, and other matters. It was then resolved that the next Assembly of the Great Priory should be held at Brockville, Ontario, on the 12th July 1887, and the third annual Assembly was brought to a conclusion in due form

The annual meeting of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Suffolk will be held, on Friday next, at the Town Hall, Ipswich, when the Right Honourable the Lord Henuiker will be installed as Grand Master of the Province by the Right Honourable the Earl Amherst Provincial Grand Master of Kent, and the usual business of the year will be transacted. Provincial Grand Lodge will be opened at $12 \cdot 30$, the brethren assembling at 12 o'clock. Divine Service will be held at St. Matthew's Church, at 3 p.m., after which Provincial Grand Lodge will be resumed, and, as soon as the business is completed, a banquet will be held at the Public Hall, under the presidency of the Provincial Grand Master. Special arrangements have been made with the Great Eastern Railway Company, whereby return tickets at a single fare and a quarter will be issued from all stations in Suffolk and Essex, as well as from Norwich, Yarmoath, and other places.

## DEATH.

GREENWOOD.-On the 2sth ult., at 11 Bentinck Terrace, Regent's Park, suddenly, Bro. Charles Greenwood P.G.S.B., D.P.G.M. Surrey, in his שïth year. The funcral will take place on Tluesday, the shth inst., at Finchley (St. Pancras) Cemetery. The cortege will leave the residence of the deceased,
17 HIgh , gate Road, at 12 o'clock.

FUNERALS properly carried out and personally attended in Liondon or Country by Bro. G. A. HUTTON, 17 Newcastle Street, Strand, W.C. Monuments erected. Valuations made

## SUCH IS MASONRY.

## INTRODUCTION.

THE influence of the unseen, the unknown, the mys-terious-who has not felt it? And when suddenly and unexpectedly it manifests itself, whether to bless or to blast; to save or to destroy; developing gratitude and love, or fear and distrust, who is not filled with wonder and awe, and an insatiable desire to trace the hidden cause, to explore its secrets?

Go, stand beneath the canopy of calm and solemn night, and view the world of wondrous beanty overhead! What thoughts and emotions rise! aud how the imprisoned soul longs to burst its bonds and scale the empyrean!

A storm-clond, dark and threatening, rises in the west, and, with the scowl of a demon on its brow, directs its malignant course, toward our roof-trec. Mutterings of rage rend its hideous breast, and the livid flash that ever and anon plays upon its front only renders its gloom and hate more fearful and portentons, while the swift-winged coursers, upon which it is borne, level palace in its pomp and forest in its pride! How the heart of man then wilts and withers at the manifestation of the power and glory of Him who "plants his footsteps on the sea and rides upon the storm!" As suddenly as it comes, so suddenly it goes; and, lo! upon the skirts of the retreating and dissolving cloud there appears the ethereal bow, spanning the arch of heaven with its mysterious and spiritual glory, recalling the promise of old: "I will not again carse the ground any more for man's sake; neither will I again smite any more everything living as I have done," and the heart goes forth in a song of gratitude and praise to the Author of all good and learns the important lesson, "There is no evil so great from which some good may not be plucked."

Who can control the longings of the soul to pierce the mysteries that surround it-the mysteries of life, of death, of flood, of tempest, of love, of hate, of famine, of pestilence, of time, past, present and to come, of benevolence, of malignity, of government, of law, of social customs and institutions? Mystery is largely the charrn that envelops every object ; yet, often, ere we have penetrated the rind, so ficklo and superficial are men, we fling it away with all the rich ness of its core untasted and maknown, and eagerly pursue another.

But the traly thoughtful mind discovers and enjoys the charm of mystery in everything, the least as well as the greatest, and he delights to penetrate that mystery, to unravel it as far as possible, or to watch its developments and consequences. Who, indeed, alas! knows anything as he should? Here is a grain of mustard seed, "the smallest of all seeds," yet within its covering lie concealed the mysterious principles of life and reproduction-principles which it has iuherited, so to speak, from the grain first spoken into existence-principles which may lio dormant for an indefinite period, but which, under favourable circumstances will begin to manifost themselves. Under the resistless impulse of these influences, the seed onlarges, its covering parts, and soon a little leaf and a tiny root are sent forth, the first like the prayer of gratitude and faith, rising up toward God, and blessing Him for His glorions gifts; the second, like works, remembering that faith can only be sustained by the good deeds of life, takes fast hold of earth and proceeds to give to faith the nourishment which it needs. Behold the mystery of life! And then comes the mystery of reproduction, the flowering, the seeding; and then cometh death, decay, the faded flower, the withered leaf, the blasted stalk, the wasted root. But the seeds which even in death were sown shall not perish annually as the seasons roll shall there be a glorious resurrection, teaching to the pious observer the doctrine of immortality and of faith in God. Not even a mustard seed .falls to the around uncared for by His providence.

And such is man. "As a flower of the field, so be flourisheth! In the morning he is like grass which cometh up. In the morning it flourisheth and groweth up; in the evening it is cat down and withereth." With him are the same mysteries of life, of reproduction, of death of decay, and, as faith teacheth, of ultimate resurrection.
But to-day we are chiefly concerned about the mysteries of man's life-with man as a moral, a social, an intellectual being-and especially with one of his mysterious creations. And nothing bat mystery is he. His body is a mystery, his mind, his hate, his benerolence, his malice; whatever he thinks, or says, or does; his governments and laws, his
asial organizations and institutions, all is mystery. We are ever a mystery to ourselves.

Among the creations of the human mind, as a necessity of social life, there is an institution which ever has been the marvel of the world. It has survived the wreek of empires- the mutations of time. Other institutions of man rise, flourish, decline, pass away and are forgotten. This one lives and prospers with increasing years ; and although its head is hoar with the rime of centuries, it is stroug and flourishing, rejoicing as if in perpetual youth, and vigour, and usefulness. At times, indeed, it has been cast down by misrepresentation, by treachery, by persecution, butonly, like Antaos of old, to gathor fresh strength from contact with mother earth, and anon it eclipses its former glory; and not until probationary time has ceased to flow will it fril to be man's guide, friend and solace. I speak of Masonry. Grand and mysterious, it stands a glorious and imperishable monument of man's renius and philanthropy, its founda. tion lost in the misty depths of antiquity and hidden under the wrecks of buried ages, its massive walls defying the ravages of time, its battlements piercing the clouds and pointing to its grand ideal above, ever lengthening, and widening, and heightening, and strengthening, it has tho globe for its base, time for its duration, and the starry canopy of heaven for its covering. Into that awful, that reverential pile I now propose to lead you.

## WHAT IS FREEMASONRY?

Freemasonry is the science of humanity, the instrument of civilisation, the handmaid of religion. Its central idea is the existence of an all-powerful, all-wise, all-merciful God, the Creator, the Preserver, the Rewarder of men; and Him every Freemason is required to worship and serve with all fear, humility and love. He is the centre, the sun of onr existence, and every duty of life is to be performed with a lively sense of our obligation to Him.
It has for its base gratitude towerd that Suprome Being, and the study of nature through a sense of duty to Him. For its attraction and vail it has secresy and mystery; for its key, allegory ; for its bond, morality and matual kind ness; for its object, the perfection and happiness of man for its final result liere beneficence, for it is only in an activity of well doing that real happiness can subsist, and ultimately a seat in the Grand Lodge above, that "Temple not made with hands, eternal in the Heavens.'
And yet Masonry, although based upon the fundamental idea of true religion, is not itself in strictness a religion; nor does it propose to take the place of, or to supplant, religion; for it has no religious rites and ceremouies, no priesthood, no sacrifices, no sacraments. It preserves the knowledge of the only true God; it teaches us to love Him with all the heart and our neighbour as ourselves, to do good to all men and especially to our brethren, to visit the widow and the fatherless in their affliction, and to keep ourselves unspotted from the world, to cultivate faith hope and charity; but there is nothing in Masonry which teaches or can impart spiritual regeneration, its arena being man's present stage of existence.
It is a school of morality prescribing to us our duties to ourselves, to our fellows and to our God. Once it was the depository of the wisdom of the world; but as knowledge is no longer the heritage of a privileged few, Masonry now contents itself with inculcating the duty of studying art, science and literature, the true, the beantiful and the good, impressing upon every initiate the importance of accepting every means of improvement so as to fit himself as a "stone polished after the similitude of a palace," for a place in the Lodge of the High and Holy Grand Maste above. It is the inheritor and perpetuator of many precions traths, of mysterious secrets and traditions, of an imposing ritual, of an impressive system of instruction, of a valuable code of practical morality and beneficence, and of a universal language. It teaches rather by deeds and lives than by words; shows by example how man passes from nature's darkness to light, from barbarism to civilisa tion, from civilisation to refinement, from life through death to immortality. It shows each one how weak and dependent he is, yet teaches him to be manly and selfreliant, rather a prop to others than a vine needing. support ; to live not for himself alone, but for his brethren, his race, his God; to put his trust in God; to keep in the path of daty and to fear no evil, and being in the pach of daty to be fearless of consequences. It is the common ground of all creeds, reconciles all men to their brethren, and is a universal bond of "Peace on earth, good will to
men," banishing discord, strife, dissension; allowing in its halls no discassion of politics or theology, the fruitful sources of estrangement among men. It does not impart, a single precept or principle which is contrary to right. Its text-book is tho Bible, which is recognised and tanght as man's groat light and gnide, and every brother is directed to search it for that "pearl of great price" which Masonry cannot give. "Render nuto Casar the things that be Cæsars, and unto God the things that be God's." "Thon shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and thy neighbour as thyself." Fear God and honour the king." "The fear of the lord is the beginning of wisdom." "Be teroperate in all thiugs." Owe no man angthing, except to love him and to do him good." "Do unto others as you would they should do minto you." "Feed the hungry, clothe the naked, visit the sick, and imprisoned, relieve the afflicted and the distressed, minister to the widow and to the orphan." "Whatsoever thy hand findeth todo, do it with thy might." These, and all other moral teachings, we, as Masons, owe to the Book of Books, without whose open pages we cannot congregate.

Such is Masonry-such its teachings and doctrines. It has its secrets, its mysteries, which are in harmony with the truths it promulgates, but of which it does not hecome me here to speak. Wonderful is its bistory, stretching back through untold centuries, encircling the earth with a girdle of light and beanty, blessing the human race, pointing through nature up to nature's God, bearing man up to the threshold of the temple, bat bidding him to ask, to seek, and to knock in some other name than hers.

And here, my brethren, we meet with the first objection to our Institution, here comes in the first reproach, here the first malicious stone is flung at us. "Practise what yon preach" is sneeringly said to us. "Look at your disorderly members. Reform them ere you expect to reform the world."

To this our sufficient reply is: "No society is chargable with the disapproved conduct of its members. Judge us by our doctrines, their general fruit and our history, not by the lives of unworthy brethren. We lament their defection much more than you can rejoice over their fall; and we labour with tears and prayers to reform them, while you would delight to see them sink to a lower depth." But such an argument against Masonry, "like a sharp razor working deceitfully," proves if anything at all, entirely too much. It is an argument against all that is good, because, forsooth, some evil may be found with it. Like a two-edged sword in the hands of an unskilled combatant, it is as dangerous to him who wields it as it is to his opponent; and if we will but give him room enough he will take off his own head with his own weapon. He "who spake as never man spake" teaches us that the good and the evil will always be found associated together in this world, but that the day is coming when they will be separated and each rewarded according to the deeds of this life.

Tried by the standard of our objector, what worthy institution is there among men? We sometimes find unworthy busbands, or unworthy wives; but shall marriage, with all its high and holy and conservative influences, be abolished? Laws bear harshly in some cases; and governors, or legislators, or judges, or juries, may be at times corrupt : but could we get along any better withont them? The noblest efforts of patriotic ardour are frequently rendered futile by the wiles of a traitor : but shall we proscribe patriotism and exalt its opposite, ranking a Benedict Arnold with a Washington? Hypocrites may be found even around the Commanion table; but shall we, on that account, denounce the church as evil, and all its members as deceivers? One of the chosen twelve was a devil: but shall we rank Peter, and John, and James, and Paul, and the other worthies of that day, with Judas? The apostate Julian once loved the Christian religion which he afterwards deserted, and which he then hated and persecuted because he had deserted it: bat shall we so far forget the heaven-born charity which we teach as to class our objector with Julian? We are told that that deadly sin, envy, once invaded the very courts of heaven, robbing it of some of its mightiest angels : but shall we, on that account, despise that blessed abode, refuse to strive to gain it, and sneering at and scorning all that is pure and holy, class ourselves with our objector and with fallen spinits? Heaven forlsid! Let every error be like a beacon light, "waming all that its approach is danger, that its coutact is death," and may we ever strive to rescue our fallen
bretbren from the quicksands upon which they have stranded. But Masonry is not a proselyting institution, throwing wide its doors, and inviting all to enter. It requires applicants to come with clean hands and pure hearts, with minds prepared for the recoption of the precions seeds of trath. It does not propose so much to reform men clirectly, by enlisting them promiscuously into its ranks, as to use those who are already reformed as examples for others.
That Masonry is often mistaken in the character of its applicants, or that its members frequently prove recreant to some of its moral teachings, is a mournfal fact, due, however, not to Masonry, but to the weakness of haman nature, to the fallibility of man. Outside of God man can do nothing and is himself nothing, but in Him may wo spiritually live and move, even as in Him we have our being.

DESIGN OF MASONRY.
The design of Masonry is: ]. To preserve the knowledge of the true God. 2. To spread that knowledge among men and so call them from darkness and barbarism to light and civilization. 3. To bring men to a knowlege of what they owe to themselves, to their fellows, and to the true God. 4. To promote " pence on earth," "good will among men," and, by a jadicious system of matual aid and interdependence, by the broadest charity and philanthropy, to unite all men in the bonds of good fellowship, and so elevate them to the highest possible state of earthly happiness and perfection. 5 . To be the forerunner of the Christian Religion, even as John the Baptist was of Christ; the voice of one crying in the wilderness, "Prepare ye the way of the Lord, make straight in the desert a highway for our God," and proclaiming, "Repent ye, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand."
No one can be made a Mason unless he has a knowledge of the true God, nor unless he declares, most solemnly and anequivocally, his belief and trust in Him. Then Masonry takes him, and by a series of impressive lessons, shows him how poor, and weak, and blind, and ignorant, and helpless, he is ; teaches him subordination, confidence in his brethren as well as faith in God, and that his first duty to himself is to purge himself of all darkness and to dwell in the light. And then light, not merely physical but spiritual light, begins to dawn upon him, to permeate his being, and to fill him with a holy exaltation of mind.
My brethren, have you forgotten the noble enthasiasm which possessed your souls when first you were brought from darkness to light? What can obliterate the remembrance of the lessons and determinations of that hour? Return to them frequently, ponder them often, engrave them deeper and deeper apon heart and memory. And there commenced the lesson, too, as to what you owe to your fellows ; that lesson so beautifully carried on and completed in the second degree, and upon which was laid the foundation for that third lesson: "What do you owe to God?"
How shall I enter that "Holy of Holies" of Freemasonry? Can I tear aside the vail and show to all the sublime drama there enacted? Hearing and seeing, they hear not, nor see; but our ears, they hear and understand; our eyes, they see and perceive.

Lift, my brethren, your enlightened eyes, lend your unstopped ears and follow me; pronounce the "Open Sesame," and stand within the vail. A darkness that may be felt and that hangs like a pall upon all nature-the prayer so full of agonizing foreboding as to the future-the phantom forms that rise and fright-the summoning of all that is manly to pursue the chosen path-the bloody assault-the flight for life-the fierce pursait-the unyielding fidelity, preferring death to dishonour-the fatal blowthe shriek of anguish and despair-the consuming remorse -the fearful expiation-the Nain-like wail in behalf of the widow and the widow's son-the solemn prayer of faith and hope-and, lo! the answer comes. Once and again had hope died away in despair, yet faith would not relax her hold. The prayer once more ascends, and lo! in the distant east, the faint glimmer of a light begins to appear. It widens, and broadens, and deepens, and, bursting into a blaze of glory, it brings life and immortality to the tomb. Then he who had been lost was found again, and he who had been dead was alive once more. And so the Mason, passing through the pangs of death and the gloom of the grave, is raised to a more glorious life, and thenceforward stands upon a highor plane as to his duties in this stage of existence.
(To be continued.)

## "OLYMPIA" AT KENSINGTON.

## An Teterview with Mr. J. S. Wood.

Wis Olympia? Who is Mr. Wood? Olympia is the name of that vast palace of glass and iron which is raising its head in the midst of fashiouable Kensington. Its full title is the National Agricaltaral Hall-far too long for the pablio to make ase of, and it is promoted by a company with very rosy prospects. Its directorato comprises many names woll known in social and financial circles. Mr. Wood is the general manager of this great scheme, which is to be devoted to exhibitions, shows, sports, and pastimes of overy description, always grantiug they are of a "high order." He it was who inaugurated those marvellons Fancy Fairs and Old English Shows which took the town by storm a year or two ago. He it is who is now the organizing head of this vast andertaking which is to put Barnnm to the blush. Olympia is to be opened before Boxing Day with an entertainment that should draw all London. In order to get the earliest information, we despatched a ropresentative to see Mr. Wood about London's new palace of recreatiou and amasemeat.

I was surprised (he says) to find so discreet and sober a gentleman as Mr. Wood surroanded by beantiful posters, showing vivacions Dianas in red habits taking ten.barred gatos amid the congratulations of the multitude ; or vivid ohromos of the interior of Olympia, with a Roman tournament in full swing; or dazzling representations of chariot races. Bat pictorial art plays an important part in these things. Mr. Wood is no amatenr showman, though he is new at this branch of the business, and I found him at least as smart as Mr Barnum. He is up to every wrinkle, and kuows more than a thing or two. To him Olympia is the centre of the universe. "Where is Olympia $\rho^{"}$ said Mr. Wood. "Olympia is actually on the Addison Road Station, which is in direct commanication with every part of the conntry. This is no figure of speeeb, for it lies equidistant between Clapham Junction and Willesclen Junctio:, and the trains of half a dozen different railways are passing every few minutes. As for road communication, one entrance is on the main road, and Mr. Charch tells me that the London General Omnibas Company are prepared to put on any namber of extra' buses, althongh there are forty-six of them now chasing each other in close prisuit. The idea oriciunted with Colonel Burnaby, who sought for some great Motropolitan arena where all the'arts of war and peace' might be central ized and developed. His soldierly instinet mado him lour for a Colisenm-like structure, in which combatants might do full justice to themselves in a great military or other ton nament. This germ ha swollen to its presont hage dimensions. The Compnay owns 12 acres of most valuable freshold ground. The bnildings cover 4 acres, and the groat hall itself $2 \frac{1}{2}$ acres of gronud."
"The scatiug," Mr. Wood continued, "will bo in the form of vast amphitheatre, divided iuto boxes, stalls, grand circle, amphi theatre, aud tivo extensive promenales, holding some 9,000 people Besides the great hall, there are many accessories in the way of side shows. We shall let space for exhibitions, shows, concerts, fêtes tournaments, contests, races, sports, balls, fairs, theatrical and equestrian performances, lectures, dinnors, meetings, ambsements and entertainments of any description. There are already plenty of applications, and we can accommodate all, so long as they are high i tone. 'The gardens of Olympia' will be a special feature an attraction, with its mnsical promenade, lawn teunis coarts, \&c. There is nothing that may not be done, so extensive are ont resonrees: yes -oven to an artificial presentment of Canada's national sport of tobogganing.'
Having put Mr. Wood through his facings, I nest asked him to give me some details of this marvellous Paris Hippodrome which is to be the onening attraction. Those who know their Paris know their Hippodrome, for it has been the most popular show of the gay capital for some years. Those who do not know their Paris wil understand from what follows that the Hippodrome will be an euter tainment which will worthily inaugurate so great an undertaking as Olympia. Listen to Mr. Wood's account. "Yes; the opening event at Olympia will bo representations by the great Hippodrome from P'aris, with its entire staff of artists, stud, properties, and atces sories. The horses, ponies, elephants, packs of hounds, stays, ice. number more thau 250 . There aro 300 artists, astistauts, and servants, and an orchestra of seventy perforners. Why, the cost of transit from Paris to London will bo $\ell_{2}, 000$. The freat track in which the tommanent displays will take place is 100 feet wider and longer than the largest similar track any where in England. It will take yon five minutes to walk round it. In such a space horses can take yon five minutes to walk round it. In such it space horses cain go at their widdest speed, while a brigido of antillery may gallop at
fill stretch, giving a reality to mic warfare impossible in ang otarer

 Branswick, dited 180?. It is a large gala chariot, similar to these seen in the Gernas Quent at the commencenent of the present ce: tury; also the emriaze of the Khedive, mate for the Vheroy of Erypt, Said fashai, the patelo of which are of engeavel crostal This was awarded the first pace at the Paris Ealiab tion of lect These two maroificent equipares are drawn by fuar horses, and and used to convey the artists round the track and to the ' inagic circle ' It would be too lar for them to walk from the manif: Our harness ruom," continted Mr. Wood, "contains types of saddery of th ness room," continued hr. Wowl, "contans typers of saddery of th Midule Ages and the Remaissance, and a collection of satcles and bridles from Spain, Arabia, and Turkey suftivent for the cquipmen: of 400 horses. There are nemaly 300 suits of German and breme armour for men and horses, which seare for the repreenta ion of the great tonroments. The costumes are by M. Thumas, the designe to the Graud Opera at Paris."
"Then has the Hippudiome any special featnres, Mr. Wood?" Yes. It is as anlike the ordiuary circas to which londm is aceas tomed as the Derby race is to the parlour game of that name. Why in one of the great comic pantomimes a railway is constructed within
three minates, and a veritable train appears with locomotivo, tender, and waggons, carrying more than a handred travellers at express speed. In another of their representations a roal stag hunt is represented with every regard t, the troth of detriil. The pack of hounds were latoly the property of the Due d'Aumale. One of the most exciting an? popalar attrat toms of the show is the revival of the chariut races which so delighted the hיman people in the Coli seam at the time of the Cosars. Some of the chariots are drawn by four and others by eight horses. There are also exact representations of the anciont Roman race (the Olympian race)-the 'post,' with thirty-two horses, in which the riler stands on two horses, raciug thirty others yoked together."
Altogether, the performances of the 1fippotrone may be said $t$. bo unigug. The managoment was wiso in iutroducing the Paris Hippodrome as the opening event at Olympia.-P'all Mall Cazetto.

A Lodge's responshbitrty.-A Lodge is, morally, rosponsible for the support of the distressed and destitnte of its own membership whether thoy reside witbin its jurisdiction or otherwise. It is equally responsible for the reliof of the widows and orphans of its own membership. They belong to the Lodge of which the deceased was a member, and that Lodge is primarily responsible for aid furnished thom. A brother in distress should apply to his own Loolgo for aid; but if the brother is not able to make the application to his own Lodge, or if the Lodge is unable to render the required reliel owing to the fact of the brother's removal or absences from their milst, the Lorlge is as much responsible as thongh he were in the jurisdiation thereof. It is not claimel that a Lodge is nuder any obligation to aid the brother of another Lodge whilst ho resides in the jurisdiction of his own Lodge; why should it bo if he does not so reside? Does mere absence from the jarisdiction of the Lodge absolve that body from its obligations to aid and assist? It is sup posed that one Lodge will deal hononrably with another, and that only sach assistanco will be given as the circumstances of the case may require. If the Lodgo to which the brother belouged is able, it shonld returin, gratefully, the money expended; if it is nut able, aud the membership is not able, it should have the same charity extende to it by the Lodge assistiug. To establish any other mode of procedure wonld, in our opinion, be oxccedingly dangerons. Lowisanar Proceedinys.
Does tr pax to ue a Masox.-To ono who waty to join tho Miseonic Order for the pecmany baclit he will derive fivm being nember, for the assistance he will reeive in his basiness, or froa
 to be a Mison." Tho one who dusires to join tho Order for th purposa of participating in its charitable work, to take pat in the hissemination of the great trables and priaciples which it teaches, ta try and live so that ho will be kuow as a Ma asm, by his chary $t$ his fellow man, bis love of truth, his ubeersance of his conetrg's lays -to all such wo weuld say, "Yes, it pays to be a Mason."
 Alexandria, Inal, has the representatives of limes wencrations-sa;
 father, and son, by the ntme of Vermilion.

## OORTESPONDENCE.

We do not hold oulrsolues responsible jor the opinions of our Correspondents.
fll Letters must hear the mame and andress of the Writer, not necossarily for publicution, but as a gmantee nf gool faith.
We cannot undertake to return rejecteal communications.
—:0:-

## MASONIC RELIEH, IN THEORY AND PRACICCE

 To the Edilin of the fremanon's Cinhonicre.Drak Sir and Beother,-1 have read your article on Masomic Kelief in your issae of the 2 bil inst., in which gen, at the conclusion obserse, that if certain sugections malu in is were ancted apom Misunc Reuevence womb be less of a mane and more of a reatiry hath it is at present, am! special prominence is gicen to tho obtaining for, or "iving employment $t$, Mavas
I am a Freemason; so is my father. 1 an mot a ware that cvar in




 them, and emphyment ahays cane I man quaters wher there was
 a Mason prombed wer the head of a man (harsup. por in his him's (uterest) who was atomasen, and this, too, by a man who matis Mason!
In sume iustances Fremasomy is a disadrative-or comsefin
 hrough thair enmity and intrignes.




 Preemason, althourh he himselt hats since had to leare.

Yueird fratemally,
George M. Wabin

## BOYS' AND GIRLS' SCHOOLS ELAECTION, OCTOBER 1886.

## To the Editor of the Fieemasox's Chronicle.

Dear Sir and Brotuer,-Although yon have given your usaal risume of the chims of the several candidates, I dare say you can find room for an old contributor to say a few words on the same subject. The first thing that I aiways do, and shall, is, to call the attention of your readers to the last chances; of these we have four cases-threo on a first, and one on a second applicationamongst the girls, and seven amongst the boys-three (Newton, Renneson, Parnell) for a first and final, one (Jones) for the secont time, with 0 to his credit ; one (Andrews) for the third, with 333 ; one (Gibbs) for the forth, with 13; and one (Taglor) for the lifth, with 50 . The last case is from East Lancashire, and the las bat one from Hants and Tsle of Wight, each Province capable of cusuring the election of one or more candidates whenever they please; consequently, if these applicants are ansuccessfal, the fatult rests entirely with the Provinces, for if the cases are unworthy of support they ought never to have been brought forward, or if the candidates or their friends have become possessed of sufficient means (the want of which should be the only reason for refusing to place on lisc) since their candidateship commenced, they should be withdrawn the last case but two, Andrews, is from London. Now, Loudon cases generally are very nncertain; for this reason-which should rejoice the hearts of the Provincial brethren-viz, that, with fow exceptions, the London voters do not pall together, bat work independently, both as Lodges and as individual members. It is rightand proper that this shonld be so, bat if only a quarter of the number of the London Lodges palled together they could make a moral certainty at any election whom they shonld or should not pat on. But to come back to the lad Andrews; with 333 rotes his supporters ought not to relax their efforts until at least 1200 more are secured. Jones is a West Lancashire lad, and thongh he has no votes to his credit West Lancashire will put him in, and one of her other candidates besides. The other three belong to East Lancashire, West Yorkshire and Warwickshire, respectively, and can all be retarned if they secure the support of their several lrovinces. Amongst the for last chances with the Girls, is Martha Steng, a second application, 250 votes to the grood; this candidate can be returned with very little effurt on the part of those by whom she is recommended. The other three-Marshall, Nicholsun, and Johnson-from West Lancashire, South Wales (Eastern Division), and Worcestershire, should be equally safe. I do not thiuk any of the others call for partionlar remark, but I would venture to direct the attention of those brethren who are working cases, or who have the rotting them up, to the case of Llizabeth Waspe, withont either parent, bat with a wealthy nucle; her appeal is made in this guise, "fonr children were left
dependent." Now this statement is misleading, thongh trine; for one is dead, und the brother whom I promsed to support last April was successfal, and is now in the Boys' School, leaving only two depend out. Iu sappert of the present candidare my name has been used witbont my sanction; this I should not have given, because as their late father was a Licensed Victnaller, I do not soe, in fairness to much more necessitous cases on on list, why his child should not have been a caudidate for the very excellent Institutions of that body; therofore, although my name is on the child's cauvassiag paper, I shall not support the case, fur the reason stated, not however that that will make mach difference, but I object to my name being used with out leare, and also to saddling the Masonic Institutions with more than their fair share of the general burden. The case I am adrocating is that of Edith Melhuish, where they have four other children (with. ont pareuts) still dependent on friends, after placing a boy in the other Masonic Institution at the last election.

Yours fraternally
P.M. 1607.


1 to 9
Bors 44 yrs. mos. yrs. mos.
$\begin{array}{lllllll}8 \text { or } \frac{1}{5} & 37 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 4 & 4\end{array}$
1 to 8

Provinces whence the Candidates come.
Bors.- London 11, Berks and Backs 1, Bristol 1, Cornwall 2, Darham 3, Essex 2, Gloncester 1, Hants 3, Kent 1, East Lancashire 4, West Lancashire 3, Middlesex 1, Norfolk 2, Northnmberland 1, Warwickshire 1, Wilts 1, West Yorkshire 2, North Wales 1, South Wales (East) 1, Colonies 2.
Ginls.-London 5 $\frac{1}{2}$, Cheshire $\frac{1}{2}$, Cornwall $\frac{1}{2}$, Devon 1, Durham 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hants 2, Merts $\frac{1}{2}$, Kent 2, East Lancashire 3, West Lancashire 1, Lincoln L, Middlesex $1 \frac{1}{3}$, Norfolk 1, Surrey 1, Sussex 2, Warwickshire 1, Worcestershire 2, North and East Yorkshire $1 \frac{1}{2}$, West Yorkshire $\frac{1}{2}$, South Wales (East) 1, Chanoel Islands 1, Colouies 2.

ROYAL MASONIC INSTITUTION FOR GIRLS.

| Province. |  |  | No. | Cost this Year. |  | Subscriptions this Year. |  | Seven Yoars' Average Subscriptions. |  | Surplus or Deficit this Year. |  | Average Seven Years' Annual Surplas or Deficit. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| London | * * | - | 77 | $2720 \quad 6$ | 8 | 5383 3 | 0 | 59205 | 4 | 2663 3 | 0\% | 319918 |  |
| Berlford | - - | - | - | - |  | 13:13 | 0 | $26 \quad 2$ | 9 | 13.13 |  | 262 |  |
| Berks and Bucks | - | . | 1 | 356 | S | 2285 | 0 | 22619 | 3 | 19218 |  | 19012 | $7{ }^{*}$ |
| Bristol | - - | - | - | - |  | 11519 | 0 | 5115 | 0 | 14.519 |  | 51 15 | 0 * |
| Cambridge | - - | - | - | - |  | 2730 | 0 | 57 G | 0 | 2730 | 0* | 576 | $0{ }^{*}$ |
| Cheohire | - - | . | 7 | 2176 | 8 | 7815 | 0 | 12712 | 2 | 16811 |  | 11914 |  |
| Cornwall | * | . | 12 | 530 | 0 | 3110 | 0 | 517 | 7 | 2110 | $0{ }^{+}$ | 112 | $5^{\dagger}$ |
| Cumberiand and W | Wistmere'aud | . | $2{ }^{1}$ | 886 | 8 | - |  | 5710 | 3 | 886 |  | 3016 | $5{ }^{\dagger}$ |
| Derby - | - - | - | 2 | 701.3 | 4 | 3710 | 0 | 14119 | 8 | $33 \quad 3$ | $4+$ | $71 \quad 6$ | $4^{*}$ |
| Devon | - | . | 6 | 2120 | 0 | 13619 | 0 | 1553 | 10 | 6511 | O+ | 5616 | $2{ }^{t}$ |
| Dorset | - . | - | 1 | $35 \quad 6$ | 8 | 14716 | 0 | 8913 | 10 | 1079 | 4* | 547 | $2{ }^{*}$ |
| Durham | - . | . | 3 | 1060 | 0 | 685 | 0 | 911 | 10 | 3815 | O+ | 14.18 | $2 \dagger$ |
| Essex | - . | - | - | 2120 | 0 | 24514 | 0 | 28814 | 3 | 4314 |  | 7614 | $3 *$ |
| Gloncester | . . | - | 4 | 1416 | 8 | 22212 | 0 | 3106 | 0 | 805 | 4* | 16819 | $4^{*}$ |
| Hants - | - - | - | $12 \cdot 1$ | 4413 | 4 | 1775 | 0 | 38213 | 1 | 26318 | $4+$ | 590 | $3+$ |
| Hereford | - - | - | - | - |  | 7411 | 0 | 1013 | 0 | 7411 | $0^{*}$ | 1013 | $0^{*}$ |
| Herts | - . | - | $2 \frac{1}{2}$ | 886 | 8 | 1311 | 0 | 1322 | 0 | 4214 | 4* | 4315 | $4^{*}$ |
| Kent | - - | - | 15 | 5300 | 0 | 5476 | 0 | 4106 | 3 | 176 | 0* | 11313 | $9{ }^{\dagger}$ |
| Lancashire (Enct) | - | - | 4 | 1416 | 8 | $170 \quad 0$ | 0 | 15216 | 1 | 2813 | 4* | 119 | 5* |
| Lancashine (West) |  | - | 8 | 28313 | 4 | 3536 | 0 | 2112 | 11 | 7912 | 8* | 7210 | $5 \dagger$ |
| Leicestershire and | Ruthand | - | 2 | 7013 | 4 | 1010 | 0 | 1029 | 5 | 603 | $4 \dagger$ | 3116 | ${ }^{*}$ |
| Lincolnshire - |  | . | 5 | 17613 | 4 | - |  | 1310 | 0 | 17613 |  | 163 3 | ${ }^{4}+$ |
| Middlesex | - . | . | 5 | 17 fi 13 | 4 | 1718 | 6 | 3372 | 5 | 14 | $10+$ | $160 \quad 9$ | 1* |
| Alonmouth | - | - | 2 | 7013 | 4 | 19910 | 0 | 9310 | 6 | 12816 | 8* | $25^{\circ} 19$ | $2^{*}$ |
| Norfolk - - | - - | . | 2 | 7013 | 4 | 674 | 0 | 8512 | 6 | 39 | $4+$ | 1419 | $2^{*}$ |
| Norths and ITants | - | . | 1 | 356 | 8 | - |  |  |  | 356 | $8 \dagger$ | 3 ab | 8* |
| Northamberland | - | - | 4 | 14. 6 | 8 | 90612 | 0 | 1581.5 | 3 | 7655 |  | 17 8 | $7^{*}$ |
| Nottingham - | - | - | 2 | 7013 | 4 | - |  | $93 \quad 2$ | 8 | 7013 |  | 279 | $4^{*}$ |
| Oxford - | - . | - | - |  |  | 1060 | 0 | 11319 | 7 | 10:) 0 |  | 11319 | 7* |
| Shropshire | - . | - | $\pm$ | 1713 | 4 | - |  | 113 |  | 1713 | $4+$ | 1713 | $4 \dagger$ |
| Somerset | - . | . | 5 | 17613 | 4 | 1337 | 0 | 13911 | 0 | 436 | $4 \dagger$ | 35 | $4 \dagger$ |
| Stuffurd - | - | - | 2 | 7013 | 4 | 20.15 | 0 | 2656 | 0 | 1342 | 8* | 19 l 12 | $8^{*}$ |
| Suffolk - | - - | - | $5 \frac{1}{2}$ | 19! 6 | 8 | 19610 | 6 | 15014 | 1 | 6716 | $2+$ | 3912 | 7十 |
| Sarrey | - - | - | - | , |  | 131515 | 6 | 3014 | 6 | 131515 | $6^{*}$ | 3014 | $6^{*}$ |
| Sussox - | - - | - | 5 | 17613 | 4 | - |  | 4765 | 2 | 17613 | $4 \dagger$ | 2991110 | $10^{*}$ |
| W:urwick | - - | - | 4 | 1418 | 3 | 10218 | 0 | 19012 | 9 | $\begin{array}{r}188 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $8{ }^{+}$ | 496 | $1^{*}$ |
| Wiltshire | - | * | 5 | 17613 | 4 | 20011 | 0 | 1537 | 3 | 3318 | $8^{*}$ | 236 | $1+$ |
| Wrucster - | - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | * | 2 | 7013 | 4 | 630 | 0 | 13512 | 0 | 713 | $4 \dagger$ | 6418 | $8^{*}$ |
| Yorkshire (North a | and East) | - | 4 | $1 ヶ \mathrm{~L}$ | 8 | 89 | 0 | 19013 | 7 | 596 | $8 \dagger$ | 496 | $11^{*}$ |
| Y. rk-hire (West) <br> N. Wales - | - - | - | $23 \%$ | $8: 308$ | 8 | 500 | 0 | 7658 | 7 | 3306 |  | 6418 | 17 |
| N. Wales - S. Wales (Fast) | - - | - | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\begin{array}{rrr}35 & 6 \\ 176 & 13\end{array}$ | 8 4 | $\begin{array}{ll}103 & 7 \\ 140 & \end{array}$ | 6 0 | 11311 | 5 | 67 36 36 | 10* | $\begin{array}{r}1084 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | $9^{*}$ |
| S. Wales (West) | $\cdots$ | - | 2 | 1761.3 7013 | + | 140 | 0 | $\begin{array}{rrr}146 & 4 \\ 80 & 7\end{array}$ | 3 2 | 3613 7013 | $4 \dagger$ | 2919 913 | $1 \dagger$ 8 |
| Chamel Sianis | - | - | 1 | 306 | 3 | 630 | 0 | 268 | 0 | 2713 | $4+$ | 91 | $8+$ |
| Colonies - | - | - | 9. | 23513 | 4 | 1050 |  | 886 | 9 | 23513 |  | 1466 | $7 \dagger$ |



ROYAL MASONIC BENDVOLENT INSTITUTTOM．

| Provinces． |  |  | Meu． | Women． | Cust． | This Year＇s Contribr． tious． | Average Contriluted during Scyen Years． | ＇i＇his Year＇s Surplus or Defi it． | Seven Years＇ average Surplus or Deficit． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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| Cheshiro | －． | － | 7 | 5 | 41000 | 151120 | $130 \quad 310$ | 2863 308 | $30610{ }^{3} 8$ |
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| Derby－ | －－ | ． | 1 | － | $10 \quad 0 \quad 0$ | 6300 | $59 \quad 10 \quad 0$ | 2；0 0＊ | $18100^{*}$ |
| Devon | －－ | － | 3 | 11 | 672 00 | $15710 \quad 0$ | 93106 | $5: 10$ |  |
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| Durham | －． | － | 1 | 2 | 101． 00 | 10.500 | 88169 | $100^{*}$ | $15 \quad 3 \begin{array}{lll}5 & 3\end{array}$ |
| Essex | ．－ | ． | 4 | 3 | 256 | $115 \quad 5 \quad 6$ | $20: 16$ 2 | 130146 | 49 3 10t |
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| Oxfondshire | －． | ． | － | 3 | 9600 | 16186 | 13106 | $4916+$ | 2710 \％ |
| Shropshire | －－ |  | － | － | －－ | $\begin{array}{lll}\square & 0 & 0\end{array}$ | － | 2.500 | 3115 |
| Sonersetshire | －． | － | 2 | 3 | 17600 | 17\％ 40 | $123)$ | $\therefore 160$ | 4 O |
| Staffordshire | －． | － | 1 | 1 | $\begin{array}{llll}72 & 0 & 1\end{array}$ | 20150 | $10 \pm 1710$ | $183100^{\circ}$ | $001710^{\circ}$ |
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## 上．M．工．В．

## THE＂BMGKES＂PRESEATATIOA．

 President．The Eare of Lathon D．G．M．and Prov．G．M．W．Lancashire． Treasurer．
Bro．Geonge Plucknemt P．G．D．Engiand and Treasurer R．M．I．B． Hon．Secretary．
Bro．C．F．Hogald P．M．P．Z．，©e．
S．bseri：tions to the abore Fund will he re eived by Bro．Giro．Pececnett， 16 Connaught Square，W．；or by Bro．C．F．Wocand，wa Chenpside，London， L．C．，by whom also firther purticatars will bo furnished．

The Votes and Interests of the Governors and Suloseribors of the
 Are earasestly solicited on hehalf of
MBYRICK GRORGE BRUTON G00D， AGED micher yeans．
 a phesicion and surfor i，Wilom，died on tho 27 th Fubraty 1850 from tar arix，af or a limering illaess，leaving his widow and five


The case is rest strongly recommewded by the following Diethren ：－















## LASTAPPLICATION．

OCTOBER ELECTION， 1886.
The Votes and Interests of the Governors and Subscribers of the
Bomal thasomi firstitution fow forls Are earnestly solicited on behalf of

## MARTHA PAULINA CAROLINE STENG， AGED TEN YEARS．

An orphan，whose father；Bro．Charles Steng，for many years leather dresser，in Wilds Rents，Bermondsey，was initiated in the Old England Lodge，No．1790，in the year 1881，and continued a subscribing member antil his death，which was cansed by a cancer of the stomach，in October 1885；the mother died in the year 1881. Four children are left totally nuprovided for．The case is a most deserving one，and this being the Last Application，it is strongly recommended by the

## OLD ENGLAND LODGE，No．1790，

Ancl the following Brethren：－
＊ames Gianer，P．M．and Treasurer 975，P．ME．1622，Vice－President of the Boys＇and Girns＇Schools，also Vice－President of the Institution for Aged W．Foulsiany，P．P．（f．J．W．Noithumberlanil，P．M．2t，179．106，1790，P．Z．8，24， $4(6,7 \mathrm{St}$ ．John＇s Villas，Beusham Manor Road，New Thornton Henth
Geo．Price，P．G．Treasurer Surres，\＆c．
G．N．BLDDWIN，P．G．S．B．Surrey I．P．IC． 1892
G．D．Woodward．P．M．and P．Z． 463, P．P．G．W．and P．P．G．N．Surrey．
S．P．（atrarson，P．P．G．Stcl．Br．Surrey W．ac． 1981 P．M． 518 P．Z． 79 and 518，
34 Great Dover Street，S．E．
Hugir M．Hobiss， 174 Secretary 1790 W．M．2096，Lloyds，E．C
Johy Streetler，P．M． 163 P．P．G．Reg．Surrey．
＊R．Astington，No． 1790 ，Mcal Place，West Croydon．
＊R．Astivgron，No． 1790 ．Mcad Place，West Croydon．
F．Ridentr，S． 1 D 90 S．W． 2096 ，Croydon Grove，West Croydon．
Gro．Coor，S．W．Ifi Scc． 2021 D．C． 1612 S．N． 1604 th Great Windmill Street
R．Prebpolnt，P．M．177，Lonilon Bridge Station，
Von Joni，P．M． 957,2 Guildford Place，Russell＇Square．
＊W．Woodrurf，W．hí．959， 41 St．James＇Street，Piccadilly．
J．Jacons，P．M．161．4．
．Stren，
B．Wise，P．M．ligs．
Gif．R．Whelinss，S．W． 7
F．P．Marxe，P．M． 9 ． 7 ， 9 Lower James＇s Street．
＊By whom Proxies will be thanlifully received．

## OCTOBER ELECTION， 1886.

The Votes and Interests of the Governors and Subscribers of the Gowal thisonic enstitution for（burls Are earnestly solicited on behalf of
FLORENCE GRACE CHAPMAN， AGED NINE YEARS，
Whose father，Bro．Tromas Cmardes Cifapman，was initiated in the Gresham Lodge，No．869，on the 18th Frbbuary，1871，and sabscribed nine years．First S．W．of the Dake of Connanght Lodge，No．1524， January 1875，and still a member；Past Masier of both Lodges； ［＇ast Prov．G．Supt．of Works Herts；P．Z．19\％and 1524．In con－ seqnence of a very long illuess his basiness has entirely collapsed． He is now an inmate of the Hospital for Consumption，at Brompton， his means being entirely exhausted．His family consists of wife and four chilchen．

The case is strongly recommended by the following brethren ：－
（G．Knvarga，P．P．G．D．Midide，Upper Sydenham．
．R．Corbstrek，P．P．G．S．B．Herts，Carton House，Dewning Ral．，Hampstead．
F．Storr，＇P．M．2．，P．Z．19，Mayday Vilh，Bartholomew Road，Kentish
V．If．Bring．P．M．Tucas．15ol，3ant 4 Fostion Suturo，N．



 Hill，S．E．
Proxies will be thankfully received by the above，and also by Tiss．Chapmar， 3！）Pownall Road，Dillston．

楽DUCATION AND HOME FOR GIRIS， From $G$ to 14 Years of Age．
3 OURNEMOUTH．－A woll－known medical man，of West End of 1）Lame $n$ ，highly temanemds the abow，with a Widow lidy，who only and
－Tolish，
Inglish，French，and German．
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Inclusive Moderate Terms．
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## Grand Patron and President:

H.R. Highiness the Prince of Wales, K.G., \&e., M.W.G.M.

Grand Patroness:
Her Royal Higiness the Princess of Wales.

A
QUARTERLY GENERAL COUR'T of the Governors and Sab. seribers of this Institution will be held in the Hall of the Fuberasonss' TArerr, Great Queen Strect, Lincoln's Inn Fiells, London, on Saturday,
9th October 1886, at Twelve o'clock precisely, on the Gencral business of the Institution, to consider Notices of Motion, as under, and to elect 16 Girls into the School from a list of 33 approved Candididtes. The Eloction will commence at One o'clock (or after the usual Business is over) :-

NOTICES OF MOTION-
By Bro. Horacr b. Manstalie, J.P., P.G. Treasurer, Patron :-
"That on the death of any Life Governor or Snbscriber his executors shall, during the current financial year, be entitled to rececive and sign the Voting Paper such decensed Life Govornor or Subscriber would
have been entitled to had he been still living. And that the laws of the Institution be amended accorclingly."
Upon' recommendation of the House Committee, by Bro. Henry A. Hunt Vice-President :-
"That the House Committee be anthorised to expend the bainnce of the Grant of 9 th January last, together with a sum not exceeding £500, in the erection of a bundary wall along two sides of the newly-acpuired land."
By Bro. Journ F. Le Feuvre D. Prov. G.M. Hants and I.V., Vice-President:To come after Article 6 of Lav 0.4 as an additional clause :-
"Every petition on behalf of a Candidate whose farher was initiated in a Province should, where possible, be accompanied by a recommendation from the Provincial Grand Secretary of such Province, who shall be invited to give his opinion on the ci
guidance of the General Committee.
"In the event of the petitioner being unablo to procure such recom mendation and expression of opinion, the fact shall be stated in the petition, with the grounds for such inability, and if deemed sufficient by the Committee, it may, at their discretion, be dispensed with.'
F. R. W. HEDGES, Secretary.

5 Freemasons' Hall, 2nd Oreat Queen Street, London, W.C. 2nd October 1886.


## MASONIC POETRY OF AMERICA.

$I^{T}$T is natural for Freemasons to sing: they have sung from the beginning, and will sing to the end. Their song betokens a happy spirit and a merry heart. When labour is over, and refreshment is begun, then listen for the piping notes of peace and harmony in the Craft. We doubt whether there was ever an instance of Freemasons surrounding the mahogany after the close of a Lodge, when vocal masic did not contribate to the pleasure of the brethren. It is as natural for Freemasons to sing as to labour. The brethren taking thus kindly to minstrelsy, of course there has been no lack of Masonic poetry for them to sing. Right sorry are we to admit, however, that the majority of Masonic poets appear to have been macle rather than born. As a rule their songs do not sing themselves, but have to be sung, and then are sometimes halting. Mendelssohn made a song without words, but many a Mason has made words without a song. And how rugged in thought, as well as in language, some of them are! No old book on Masonry was published without its appendix of Masonic songs. We have before us a work of some dignity-the first "Ahiman Rezon" published in Pennsylvania, by order of the Grand Lodge, edited by Grand Secretary, the Rev. Bro. Wm. Suith, D.D., and printed in 1783, by Hall and Sellers. The sccond song, on page 117 , is entitled "The Progress of Masonry." We quote four of its twenty stanzas:

Pray lend me your ears, my dear Brethren, awhile,
Full sober ny sense, tho' juking my style;
I sing of great wonders niknown tri all those
Who stut ter in verse, or who hobble in prose.
Derry down, down, down derry down.
Then earth and the heaveus with jubilee rung, And all the creation of Masonry sung ;

When, lo! to complete and adorn the gay ball, Old Adam was made the Grand Master of all.
But Satan met Eve when she was a gadding, And set her (as since all her daaghters) a madding ; To find out the secrets of Freemasonry, She ate of the frait of the forbidden tree
Then as she was filled with high-flowing fancies, As e'er was fond girl who deals in romances, She thought her with knowledge sufficiently cramm'd, And said to her spouse, My dear, eat and be d--d.
But there is something more finished than this song in the volume to which we have referred, and singularly enough it springs from America. It is an "Ode for the Festival of St. John the Evangelist, in South Carolina, 1772, composed by the Most Worshipful, the Honourable Sir Egerton Leigh, Baronet, Grand Master, set to music by Brother Peter Valton." We quote several stanzas from this poem

Boast not, mortals, haman skill, If the sealptar'd dome you raise,
Works of art, by fancy's will,
Lead us oft through folly's maze.
What if Phidias' chisel gaide?
What if 'Titian's pencil grace;?
Marble flatters but our pride,
Bane of all the humau race.
Let the diamond's lustre blaze, Call its water bright and clear, But confess the greatest praise Rests on pity's tender tear. May the social virtues bind, Tune each sympathetic heart Raise the feeble, lead the blind Wipe the tear that swells to part.

The next stanza is quite a patriotic prophecy:
Blessings await this Western Land,
Blessings o'erflow with liberal hand.
Commerce aprears our infant state,
And golden carients make us great:
Fair Science lifts her head and cries,
"I'll come to make you good and wise;
These be the glories of each day,
Marking our Monarch's gentle sway.'
Now let us come down to a later period. There are two American Masonic poets who have gained the attention of the Masonic world: these are, Past Grand Master Brother Rob Morris, of Kentucky, and Bro. David Barker, of Maine-the latter deceased, the former living. Bro. Morris has, by universal consent in America, been styled and crowned "Masonic Poet-Laureate." Thirty-two years ago he composed his masterpicce, "The Level and the Square," which is familiarly known and admired wherever Masonry is known; and since then he has written hundreds of Masonic poems and songs, which are only less beautiful and striking than it. Two years ago our now venerable Brother collected all of his Masonic poems into a handsome volume (they had previously been published in smaller ones), which we are glad to know is meeting with a fair sale, and is undoubtedly the best volume of poetry ever written for the Craft.*
The Fraternity has just been favoured with a new edition of the poems of another gifted Brother, David Barker, $\dagger$ the author of "The Sign of Distress," the second most popular Masonic poem in the English language. We need not quote the excellent langnage of either Barker's "The Sign of Distress," or Morris's "The Level and the Square," for both are indelibly impressed upon the minds, and have touched the hearts, of every Craftsman. But Bro. Barker wrote other poems of nearly equal merit. We quote a simple but beautiful "Ode:"

Mn, worthy Craftsmen all
Up cherrily to yorr toil
While strength is given
Strike boddly for the right,
Drive error from gour sisht,
Grasp rirtne with yonr might,
And trust in Heaven.
By Trowel, Plninb and Square,
By watehfilness and prayer,
Oni Temple rose,

[^0]And while the mystic three -
While Faith, Hope, Charity
Shall Masons' motto be, We fear no foes.
Fight with the arms of love,
Press for the Lodge above, Neror despair;
Our work is just began,
Toil till your task is done,
Speed to the goal is won, The prize is there.
When orphans shed no tears When widows have no fears, When Want's unknown, When foemen foemen greet, When lambs and lions meet, Onr mission is complete,
Onr task is done.

Who is there that will not admire the truth and beauty of these lines. There is music in them without any accom-paniment-they sing themselves. And then there are Bro. Barker's playfullines concerning "Courting a Mason's Danghter," and his "Last Request," in which he said:

Let no stranger's hand ontomb me
Underneath the tufted sod,
None except a Brother Mason
Shonld consign my dlust to God.
His poems entitled "The Templars" and "To Kossuth" are also full of pathos. We cannot forbear quoting three stanzas from his "Light":

Brother, are yon faint and weary,
Is yonr pathway dark and dreary,
Donbt, nor fear, nor falter never,
Let this be your watchword ever,
Light!
Light to stamp cach sin with terror,
Light to hant and banish error,
Light to kill or weaken sorrow,
Light to gild a better morrow,
Light!
While one intellect is clonded,
While one sonl in sin is shrouded,
While a wordd for light is dying
Brother never cease your crying-
Bro. Barker's poems have just been published in a tasteful red-line illustrated edition, for the benefit of his widow and children, and no Craftsman who possesses it will fail to admire the rhythm of its lines and the truth and beanty of its sentiments. To Brothers Morris and Barker the whole Masonic world is under fraternal obligation, and right proud are we that both were born on American soil, were made Masons in American Lodges, and thus demonstrate that while we cannot vie with our mother Grand Lodge of England in antiquity, we may point with pardonable pride to our aptness in learuing the Masonic lessons she taught us, and to the fact that we number among us two brethren who, by the consent of the Masonic world, were born poets, and have writtten their best poetry for the Craft.-Keystone.

## THE THEATRES, \&c.

Gaiety.-The brief interval that has olapsed since Mr. Dixey left the Gaiety, has been well ntilized, aud an agreeable surprise awaited "First Nighters" on Saturday, the evening set apart for the production of " Dorotby." The interior of the theat re has been magnificently decorated, the anditoriam has bewn re-modelled, the orchestra en larged, and a new act drop has been painted, by Mr. W. Beverley A patert system of ventilation bas been introlnced, insuring a pur atmosphere thronehont the building. For that portion of the andience which indnlges in a cigarette during the acte, a sumptuons foyer and smoking room has been crected. The elertric light has been turned
 the wav in which he las had all lles. atratinis carrital ont Turning, however, to the buryes thet callest ns to the Gaiety last Sarurday, we may say tha, "Drethy" i* a pisce well sated to thi honse. Sr. B. C. St phanson is respensible for the bork, and Mr Afred Cellier for the music. "Durnthe" is described as an origin" comedy opera in three acta, and is of the more refined and delicate type. Mr. Stepluenses mipht, perhap, have supplied a stromeo: hrok, but this is mole np for by the charming and catchang masic. Mr. Cellier has pomed forth number afier number frill of ateractive melody, and most me questimabiy the sucess arhieved is due to him. Some of the ineas comected with Mr. Stephenson's portion of the work are "traceable to such pieres as "She Stops to Corquer," "Erminie," and "The hivals," bat he has woven his material so well that the similarity will nat bo noticed hy the majurity of playgopre The opera has rece incl elaburate treatiment in tho shape of dresecs scencty, \&er; the hy garden, as represested in the fi'st act, heing aperitly :admiver. The orchestra is under the dirertion of that popular conductir, Her Hayer Inta; while the chorns is composed of singers of the highe $\begin{gathered}\text { urde:. The play may be brietly summarized. }\end{gathered}$

Dorothy is a young lady, the daughter of Sqnire Bantam. This grentleman desires to marry her to Geoffroy Wilder, a cousin she has not met for years. This naturally she objects to, and carries her anti-wedlock ideas to such an extreme as to profess surprise at any girl thinking even of marriage. Dorothy and her cousin, Lydia Hawsthorne, adopt hamble attire, and go together to the hop field. While here they meet Geoffrey Wilder and his friend Harry Sherwood. These gentleman thas make the acquaintance of Dorothy and her cousin, and as a resalt another meeting is arranged for. The ladies give Geoffrey and Harry each a ring, to be shown them on the morrow in token of their constanoy. Wilder, however, is parsued by a Sherift's officer named Larcher, from whose attention he hopes to be rid on reaching Chanticleer Hall, his uncle's residence. Wilder's dilemma with the sheriff's officer is temporarily made straight by his promise to pay the debt, and by his saving Laroher from being ducked in a horse-pond by a crowd of peasants, who are indignant that a writ has just been served on an old woman. Wilder masqnerades as a dake, and, now accompanied by Sherwood, and with Larcher as his secretary, arrives at Squire Bantam's hall; here he declares his oar. riage has broken down, and craves shelter for the night. Wilder and Sherwood next meet Dorothy and Lydia, whom they fail to recognise as their village lovers. The two girls, who immediately recognise Wilder and Sherwood, contrive to get their rings back again, and resolvo they will play a trick npon their fickle admirers. Wilder, to obtain the money necessary to pay the Sheriff's officer, gives out that he has been robbed duriug their stay in the honse, in the expectation the Squire will insist npon making the sum good. This plan succeeds, and by this means Wilder is able to free himself from Lurcher. The excitement occasioned in the household by the reported robbery, and the appearance, at break of day, of a crowd of hantsmen, with the hounds, to take the Squire for a ran, brings the second act to a lively conclasion. Now comes the amnsing portion of the opera. Dorothy and Lydia, disguised as rustic lads, challenge Wilder and Sherwood to a duel, for personal indignities to the squire's relatives, and a hostile meeting is arranged for in the adjacent wood. To test the conrage of their lovers, the two girls go to the spot, armed with pistols, which they have taken care shall be chargeless. However, being the challenged, Wilder and Sherwood insist apon the duel taking place with their pistols, whereapon the girls' conrage oozes in double quick time. Explanations naturally follow, with result long foreseen. The opera has been well rehearsed undo: the direction of Mr. C. Harris, and praise is due to all con. eerned for the perfect m:mmer in which it was presented on the first night. Mis Marion Hood worked with a will as Dorothy; she sang with her wonted brightness, but we should like her better if she moderated her style somewhat; this had more of a tendency towards burlesque acting thou to us appeared necossary. This lady receives waluable assistiance from Miss Florence Dysart, as Lydia; her rich contralto voice tells to swod effect in the concerted pieces. In the part of Wilder, Mr. Redfern Hollins did not show to such advantiggo as was cepected, but Mr. Mayden Coffin (Sherwood) was simply perfection. The Phyllis of Miss Florence Lambeth, the Mrs. Privett of Miss Hirriet Coveney, the Squire Bantam of Mr. Furneanx Cook, the John Tappitt of Mr. Elwarl Griffin, and the Tom Strutt of Mr. John Le Hay, received the applanse of thoso present, and each effectively aidel the prineipal artista. The part of Lurcher is a suall one and cond very well bo written ap, but the little that was required from hr. Arthir Willinms, who played the part, was rande the most of. In theabsenco of Mr. Cellier, Mr. Stepheuson acknowledged the enthnsiastic call fur tho anthor, while Mr. George Edwarios came forward to receive congratulations from his friends apou the snccess of his first prodnction.

Haymarket. - Afier an interval of some months, the popular Society Rommes, "Jim the Peuman," was again produced at the Laymarket Theatre, on Saturday last. The further success awaiting this piece was evidenced by the plaudits of a large and appreciative andiene. The most important chauge in the cast since its original prodaction has been that of James Ralston (Jim the Penman). This character is now entrusted to Mr. E. S. Willard. This gentleman's facial expression, splendid acting, and well-trained voice, gained for him well merited applanse. Lady Monckton, as Mrs. Ralstou, bas greatly improved upon her original presentation. In the third act, where she compares her husband's handwiting with a forged letter, she was loudly apphaded. Mr. Buerbohm.TYee, as Baron Lart?eld, added vigour to the play. His German accent was excollently sustained. Mr. F. H. Macklin wats at home as Lnuis Percival ; but Mr. C. W. Garthorne did mot grasp the part of Cartaia Rodwod, a character made the most of by his pr diecessim, Mr. Chater Sut eden. Mr. E. Marice was coul and conlecied as Lond Drelineont. Mias. Helon Leyton played the part of Anos Rustom in trae girlish style. Miss Hecrietta Lindley enacted Lady Dunscombe with her asual ability.
Prince of Wales's.-Mr. Elgar Brace has jnst obtained special permission from I.K.R. Whe Prinee of Walds ti remame his pretty Tome in Conaty s reat Piceaths, tho Princo of Wales'a Thentre.
 wh baidine in Thatomm Stret-sthich was condeated by the

 where. This diffenty beine wes :emovel, the Prince's Theatro will in fure be knew as the Pronce of Wales'a Thatre.
"La Bemaise," wow comie pura, in them nes, from the French of
 Ardpe Messager, wi the produced at the Prince of Walos's Theatre, Cowentry Strot, Picembly, on Mhaliy evening noxt, under tho stage dimemion of M. Maria: Miss: Florene? St. Jib?, Miss Marie Tumpe-t. Mr. J. J. D illaz, Mr. G. It. Suizelle, Mr. E. J. Lemnen, amb fult commary, with an chorus of fifty, are enmgel. Musical Directer, Mr. Waler slamethe. Nem costums by M. and Mme. Alias, from desigus by M. L. Besche. Armour by Marty. Wigs by Fox.

## 3n aftmoriam.

Bro. CHARLES GREENWOOD, P.G.S.B. ENGLAND, D.P.G.M. SURREY, \&c.

AFTER a day of acute suffering the sad intelligence reaches us of the death of the worthy brother whose name heads this notice. This reference to ourselves may seem out of place here, but we are impelled to make it, as Bro. Green-wood-more than any one we know-had given us his sympathy during the trying illuess that has afllicted us for the last twelve months. Bro. Charles Greenwood died on Tuesday, the 28th September, at the residence of his son, Dr. Greenwood, 11 Bentinck Terrace, Regent's Park It is only five months back that we made the announce ment of the death of Mrs. Greenwood, the wife of our beloved brother, and at that time we further informed our readers that Bro. Charles Greenwood's state of health was giving mach anxiety to his large circle of friends. How over, he rallied somewhat from the shock which befel him in April, and was enabled to take part in the annual gatbering of the Provincial Grand Lodge of Surrey, in July, when he was formally invested as Deputy Grand Master of the Province. On that occasion, General Brown rigg, the Masonic Chief of the district, paid a high tribate to the ability and long services of Bro. Greenwood to the Province of Surrey, and felt assured he would do honou to the appointment, as he had to the many which had preceded it.

With respect to Bro. Greenwood's Masonic record. He was initiated into Freemasonry in the St. Michael's Lodge No. 211, on the 11th February 1851; served the office of W.M. in 1855, and at the time of his death held the office of Treasurer therein, a post he had filled for upwards of twenty-five years. He became a joining member of the Grove Lodge, Ewell, No. 410, about three years after his initiation, and filled the chair of that Lodge some five years later, after which he acted as its Secretary, until 1868, when he was elected its Treasurer, and this office he held at the time of his death. For many years he received tho collar of Provincial Grand Secretary of Surrey, and, as we have said, was appointed by General Brownrigg to the high dignity of Deputy Grand Master of that Province on the retirement of Bro. the Rev. C. J. Arnold. He was exalted into the Holy Royal Arch in Fidelity Chapter, No. 3, on the 1st May 1857; here he passed through the various offices of the Chapter, and regnlarly attended its meetings until the time of his wife's death. He was also a member of the Grove and other Chapters. He was made a Knight Templar in the Harcourt Encampment in 1864, and was one of those who formed the "Arch of Steel" when His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales was admited to that degree. He took a foremost part in establishing a new Encampment in London, and in other ways advanced the interest of Knight Templary. He was also a Knight of Malta, and last, though certaiuly not least, was honoured with the appointment of Grand Sword Bearer in the Craft Grand Lodge of England in 1880. He was born in May 1822, so that at the time of his death be was in his sixty-fifth year, an age at which he could ill be spared by his private or Masonic friends, who will lose in him a staunch and zealous companion, one ever ready to devote his time and ability in the service of those who songht it. He was b!essed with an especial aptitude for adjusting differences, and whether lee was appealed to as a Mason, or as a man of the world, this power seemed equally effective. He would not exactly smooth away a difference, bat so requlate the distarbing influences as to remove all necessity for further unpleasantnoss; a power this, sometimes lacking even with the most successful "peace makers." Oar pen to-day fails us when we desire to say more to the memory of our dear friend. In the words of Shakespeare we will simply add :-

His life was gentle ; and the elements
So mix'd in him, that Nature might stand op,
And say to all the world, "This Was aman!"

Oar mournful duty does not, unfortunately, end this week when we have recorded the demise of Bro. Greenwoorl, for the band of death has been particularly busy in our ranks during the last few days. Bro. Joshua Nunn,
P.G.S.B. and President of the Board of Benevolence, died on Wednesday, and Bro. Dr. J. Pearson Bell P.C.D. D.P.G.M., and Prov. Grand Superintendent North and East Yorkshire, on Sunday; we have also to chronicle the death of Bro. E. C. Mather, a Mason who had long shown an active interest in the Girls' School and the other Masonic Institutions. To the memory of each and all of these brethren we desire to offer our tribute, and at the same time express our sincere sympathy with their relatives.

Holfoway's Ormparnet and Precs. - Rheumatism and Nouralgia.--'Though he frrmer disease remorselessly attacks persons of all agos, nad the latte athlessly solects its victims hom the weak and dolicate, the persevering use of these remedies ivill infallibly cure both complaints. After the affecte dried, Holloway's ointmont must be rubbed in firmly and evenly for a fow minutes twice a day, and his Pills taken according to the priated directions wrapped round each box of his modicine. Both Ointment anil Pills are accom panied by instractions designed for the public at lavge, and no invalid who
attentively reads them can now be at itosi how to doctor himselt successfully.

## ST. JOHN'S LODGE, No. 348.

TEE monthly meeting of this flonrishing Lodge was held on the 23 rd ult., at the Bull's Head Hotel, Bradshawgate, Bolton, at 7 o'clock in the evening. The Lodge was attended by the following:Bros. R. H. Phillips W.M., W. Chadwick S.W., R. Jones J.W. J. Eckersley S.D., W. Wood J.D., J. Mantell J.S., E. Hindley I.G. T. Higson P.M. Prov. G.T., J. Partington I.P.M., J. Kenyon P.M. W. Cranshaw P.M., J. Wolstenholme P.M., R. Partington, J. Hibbert J. Hamer, H. Heyes, T. H. Heyes, E. Gregory, J. Calderbank C. Holgate, W. Green, R. Hampson, S. Sinith. Visitors-G. P Brockbank P.G.S.B. P.M. 37, 221, J. Poyutz W.M. 37, J. F. Skelton I.P.M. 146, J. Walker J.W. 221, H. Critchley 291, J. Eatock 770. The minates of the last regular meeting, and also of a Lodge of emergency, held since that time were read and confirmed. The W.M. then proceeded to advance the Lodge to the second and third degrees, and forthwith closed in the second, when he most effectively degrees, and forthwith closed tracing board of the second degree, per-
delivered the lectare on the trate forming the duty in snch a manner as to call forth hearty demonstrations of approbation. Lodge was then closed to the first degree, when Bro. G. P. Brocikank P.G.S.B. addressed the brethren, stating that in the absence of Bro. Robert Harwood, an old P.M. and Past Pror. G. Sapt. Wks., who was unable to attend, he had been asked, as an honorary member of the Lodge, and a Past Graud Officer, to make a presentation to the Lodge from a namber of brethren who were desirous to add to its outward adornment and give an appearance of solidity, with a view also to add to the dignity of its proceedings. 1st. An elegant Brussels carpet, with chequered pavement and variegated border, producing a rich and elegatat appearance in the Lodge-room ; 2nd. A silver square and compasses, to be placed on the Volume of the Sacred Law; and lastly, a solid silver chain, to be att:rched to the Master's collar, strictly in accordauce wich the Book of Coustitutions. This chain is of very chaste design, and has an im. posing appsiurance when placed on the shoulders of the W.M. It has in the centre the square and compasses surronnded with a silver ribbon, with the name of the W.M. and date in raised letters; on each sild ars links formed of knots in chased silver and the Lamb and pennon, square and compasses surrounded with a circle, and figure of St. John alternately, all nicely modelled in relief and chased. The chain is moanted on light blae waterol silk ribbon; aud peadant Thom the centre is a massive oral medallion with chased ornament on the top. A figure of St. John, with Lamb in the centre, in relief, and surroanded with the name aud number of tho Lodge in bright raised letters on a frosted ground. The weight of the chain is 14 ozs. Bro. Brockbank expressed his great admiration of the beautifal works of art he bad the honoar to present, in the name of the subscribers. He paid a high compliment to the talent and energy displiyed by the W.M., who had been most ably assistea in his labours by Bro. Joha Keayon P.M. He also commended the brethren generally on their liberality, not only lowards the decoration of the Lolge, bat in supporting the Masonic Charities-both local and Metropolitan. Bro. Kenyon had recently served as Steward, both at the Boys' Festival aud the Mark Benevolent Fund. A gentleman was proposed as a candidate for initiation, after which a portion of the ancient charges was read by the S.W., and the Lodge was closed in peace and harmony.

Bro. James Stevens P.M. P.Z. has accepted engagements to lecture on the Ritual of freemasonry, in the Royal Standard Lodige, No. 1298, at the Wellington Club, Wellington Street, Upper Street, Ielington, on Wednesday evening uext, the tith inst., at 7 o'clock; and-for the third time-in the Hampshire Emalation Lolige of Improvement for Master Masons, ath the Masonic Clab, Portsmouth, on the 13 th prosimo. Bro. Steicns asks us to state that be will be pleased to arrange for the delivery of his lectures in any Lodge, Metropolitan or Provincial, whoso members may be desirons of making an otherwise blank evening profitable by instruction in ritual aud ceremonial.
 "how to Opea Bespectably trom ezo to RyOn." 3 stamps. H. Myers


## IIARY FOR THE WEEK.

We shall be obliged if the Secretaries of the various Lodges throughout the Kingdom will favour us with a list of their Days of Meetings, \&c., as we have decided to insert only those that are verified by the Officers of the several Lodges.

## SATURDAY, 2nd OCTOBER

General Committee Roys' School, Freemasons' Hall, at \& Court Rl., at 8. (In)
 1361-Farl of Zetlanl, Royal Hilwar!, Trimersl 1572-Carnarvon, Albiou Tavern, Aldersyate-st
1622-Rose, Surrey Masonic Hall, Camberwoll
162.1-Eccleston. Crown and Anchor, 79 Ebury Stre 2012-Chiswick, Windsor Castlo Hotel, King Street, Hammersmith, at 7.30. (In) R.A. 173 --Phenix, Freemasons' Hall, W.U.
R.A. 820-Lily of Richmond, Greyhound, Richmond, at B. (Improvomont) 1223-Amherst, King's Arms Hotel, Rivorhead, near Sovenoaks 1.458-Truth, Private Rooms, Conservative Olub, Nowton Heath, Manchester 1.166-Hova Ecclesia, Otr Ship Hotel, Brighto

## MONDAY, 4th OCTOBER

22-Longhborough, Gauden Hotel, Clapham, at 7.30. (Instruction) 45-Strong Man, Excise Tavern, Old Broad Street, E.C., at 7 (Iustruction) 60-Unity, Inns of Court Hotel, Lincolns Inn Fields 72-Rnyal Jubilee, Anderton's Hotel, Fleet Street

Luke, Anderton's Hote,
174-Sincority, Railway Tavern, Railway Place, Fenchurch Street, at 7. (In)
180-St. James's Union, Union 'íavern, Air-street, W., at 8 (Instruction) 188-Joppr, Freemasons' Thvern, W.C.
212-Fuphrates, Mother Red Cap, High Street, Camden Town, at 8. (Inst).
48-Wellington, White Swan, High-street, Deptford, at 8 (Instruction)
975-Rose of Deamark, Ganden Hotel, Clapham Roal Station, at 7.30. (Inst)
1425-Hyde Park, Porchester Hotel, Loinster Place, Cloveland Garlens, at 8 (In)
1489-Mrince Leopold, Printing Works, ${ }^{\text {2 }}$, 02 Whitechapel Road, E., at 7 (Inst.)
1507-Marquess of Ripon, Queon's Hotel, Victoria Park, at 7.30 (In) (Inst, 1585-Roral Commemoration, Railway Hotel, High Street, Pritney, at s. (In.) 1fes-Kilhun, 46 South Molton Street, Oxford Street, W., at 8. (Inst.) (
$1623-$ West Smithfield, New Market Hotel, King Street, Smithicld, at 7 ([n.) 1623-West Smithfield, New Market Hotel, Ki
1625-Tredegar, Royal Hotel, Mile End-rond
669-Royal Leopolid, Surrey Masonic Hall, Camberwell, S.E.
1891-St. Ambrose, Baron's Court Hotel, West Kensington. (Instriction
1901-Selwyn, East Dulwich Hotel, East Dulwich. (Instruction)
2020-St. Botolph's, The Albion, Aldersgate Street, E.C.
R.A. ${ }^{28-O l d}$ King's Arms, Freemasons' 'avern, W.
M.A. 1056 -Victoria, Masons' Hall, Masons'- Menatschin, Criterion, liccadilly

3i-Anchor and Hope, Frecmasons' Hall, Church Instuate, Bolton-le-Moors 53-Royal Sussex, Masnuic Tall, Olt Orcharil-street, Bath
119-Sun, Square, and Compasses, Freomasons' Liall, Colloge-st., Whitchaven 133- Harmony, Ship Hotel, Favershan
10:-Unanimity, Masonic fiall, Zotland-streot, Wakelield
150-Harmony, Huyshe Masonie Temple, Plymouth
109-Peace and Harmony, Royal
236-York, Masonic Hali, York
251-Loyal, Masonic Hall, Castle-strcet, Barnstaple
338 -Vitruvian, Royal Hotel, Ross, Herefortshire
381-Harmony and Indnstry, Smalley's Hotel, Market street, Over Darwen ©82-Rojal Union, Chequers Hotel, Uxbriags. (Iustruction)
305-Guy, Crown Hotel, Leamington Priors
411-Threc Grand Principles Red Lion Hotel, Petty Curls, Cambridg
482-St. James's, Masonic Rooms, Wretham Road, Handsworth, Stafifordshire
529-Semper Fidelis, Crown Hotel, Woreester
597-St. Cybi, Town Hall, Holyheal
62"-St. Cuthberga, Masonic Hall, Wimborne
691-Oakley, Miso
823- Frerton, Masonic Hall, Liverpool, at 7.30. (Custruction) 928-Frie dship, Masonic Hall, P'eterstiold
1009-Shakspeare, Frecmasons' Hall, Cooper-streot, Manchester 1045-Stamford, Town Hall, Altritcham, Cheshire
1050-Gundulph, King's Head Hotel, Rochester
051-Rowley, Athencum, Lancaster
077-Wilton, Red Lion Inu, Blackley, Lancashire
$124-\mathrm{St}$ Oswaki, Wyanstay tite Romn, Boroughrate, Otley, Yorks
$1180-$ Forward, Masonic Roy Ams, Now Hall-strect, Eirmingham
1211-Goderich, Minonic Hall, Git Georro-stret, Locls
1211-Guderich, Masonic Fiall, Git. George-street, Leeds
1239-Went worth, Freemasons' Hall, Sheflield.
1261-Neptune, Mazouic Fiall, Liverpool.
3so-Skehameren, Masonic, Hall, White Swan Hotel, Halifax
431-Nottinghanshire, Masonic Hall, Nottingham

$1519-$ Albort Fiward, Alhion Hotel, Chayton-le-Sioors, near Accragto
157-Camdoc, Masmic Hall, Uaer-strest, Swansea
167t-SL. Nicholas, Freemasoms Hah, (iriintrer-street, Newcastlo

R.A. 2te-Salopian, The Lion Hotel, Shrewshury

R.A. 3su-Lntegrity, Masonic denpte, Morley


TUSSDAY, 5th OCTOBRR.
Colonial Board, Frecmasons' Hall, at 1
9-Royal Yok of Preverance, Freemasons' Lall, W.C.
$9-$ Abion, tre macons' Hall, W.C.



 172-Old Cuncorrl, Freemasons' Hall, W.U.
 1s3-56ppa, Champuon Hotel, Adderstate-sireet, at 7.30. (Iusuruction) 2in-Stability, Anterton'shutel, Fleet-street, E.C.

$765-S t$. James, Bridge House Hotel, Southwark

820-Tily of Richmond, Greyhound, Richmond, at 7.30 ([nstruction) 860-Dalhousie, Sisters' Tavern, Pownall-road, Dalston at, \& (Instruction)
S6l-Finsbury, King's Head, Threalneedle Street, E.C., at 7 . (Instruction) 1) 44 -Wandsworth, East Hill Hotel, Alma Road, Wandsworth (Instrnction) 1257-Grosvenor, Freemasons' Hall, Gt. Queen-street, W.C.
1259-Duke of Edinburgh, Cape of Good Hope Tavern, Commercinl Road
1298-Royal Standard, Club, Upper-street, Islington
1321-Emblematic, Red Lion, York Street, St. Jamos's Squaro, S.IV., at \& (Ia.) 1319-Friars, Liverpool Arms, Canning Town, at 7.30 (Instruction) 1381-Kennington, Horns Tavern, Kennington
1397-Anerley, Thicket Hotel, Auerloy
114B-Mount Edgcimbe, Thres Stags, Lambeth Road, S.W., at 8 (Inst) 1.t71-Islington, Champion, Aldersgate Stroet, at 7, (Instruction) 1.172-Henles, Three Crowns, Woolwich
$1510-C h a n c o r$, Old White Hart, Borongh High Streat, at 8. (Instruction)
$1682-$ Beaconsfield, Chequers, Wathamstow 1693-Kingsland, old Cock Tavern, Highbur
1695-Now Finsbary Park, Homney Vood Tavern, Finsbury Park, it \& ([nsw) 1707-Eleanor, Trocadero, Broud-street-baildings, Liverpool-street, 8.30 ( Cast )
$19.19-$ Brixton, Prince Regent Dulwich-road, East Brixton, at 8 . (Instruction) 1919-Brixton, Prince Regent Dulwich-road, East Brixton, at \&. (Instruction) Metwpolitan Ghapter of Improvement, White Hart, Oa
R.A. 160-Temperance, White Swan Tavern, Deptford
R.A. 70 -1-Camden, The Moorrate, 15 Finsbury Pavement, E.O., at 8 (Inst)

R.A. 1533-St. Martins-le-Grand, Guildhall 'Libvern, Gresham-street
R.A. 1642-Earl of Carmarvon, Ladduroke Hall, Notting Fill, W., at 8. (Inst.)

70-St. John, Huyshe Masonic 'Temple, Plymouth
20-Pallaciian, Green Dragon Hotel, Hereford
12. -Mrarquis of Granby, Freomasons' Hall, Old Elvet, Durham 158-Adams, Masonic Rooms, Victoria Hall, Trinity-road, Sheerness 209-Etonian, Masonic Hall, Windsor
48-True Love and Unity, Freemasons' H:ul, Brixham, Dopon 265̈-Royal Yorkshire, Masonic Club, Hanover-stroet, Koighle 315-Royal York, Royal Pavilion, Brighton
361-Cambrian, Mas'mic Hall, Neath.
463-East Surrey of Concord, King's Arms Hotel, Groydon, at 7.to. (Inst.)
493-Royal Lehanon, Spread Eagle, Gloucester
558-Temple, Town Hall, Folkestone.
685-Northumberland, Assembly Rooms, Westgate-road, Nowcastl
702-Sherborne, Subseription Rooms, Stroul, Gloucostershive
73.t-Tinnlesborough, Masonic Lall, Bridlington Quay

791--Warden, Royal Hotel, Sutton Coldtie
847 -Fortescue, Manor House, Honiton, Devon.
918-St. Barnabas, Masonic Room, Liaslade, Laiflton Buzara
960-Bute, Masonic Hall, 9 Working-street, Carditt.
97. 1 -Pentalpha, New Masonic Hall, Darley Stroet, Bradford

99ă-Furness, Masonic Temple, Ulverston
002-Skiddaw, Lodge Room, Market Plave, Cockermonth
113.-Newall, Freemasons' Hall, Salforl

1310-Harrow, King's Head, Harrow
322-Waveley, Caledonian Inn, Ashton-nnter-Lyno
1336-Scquare and Compasa, Corn Exchange, Wrexham
1473-Bootlo. 116 Berry Srect, Bootle, at
188 . 18 . Eleth, Castle IIotel, Amlweh, Angles.
167.-Caraloc, Masonic Hall, Bank Builliners, Sussax st:est, Rby

1970-Hatrim, Frecmason' Hatl, South Shields
1993-Wolseloy, Masonic Hall, 'Lown Hatl Builhines, King Street, Mitnchester 2032--Richmond, Station Hotel, Richnond, Surros
R.A. 203-St. John of Terusalem, Masonic Hall, Liverpool.
, Salom-street, Brultord
R.A. ©f-Humphrey Cheotham, Fremasons' Hull, نoper Strect, M:uchester
I.M. 11-Joppi, 55 Argyle-street, Birkenhead
M.M. 161-Walton, Skelmerstale Masonic Hall, Kirkeliale, Liverpool

WEDNESDAY, 6th OCTOBER.
Grand Mark Masters, Masonic Mall, 8a Red Lion Square, W.C.
 72-Royal Jubilec, 1 Bell Yard, Fleet Street, IV.U, at 8. (Lustruction)


 511-Zetiand, Anderton's Hotel, Fleet Street
 781-Merchant Navy, Silver havorn, Burdoth-road, E. (Instruction)
 902-Burgoyne, Goose and Gridtiron, St. Paul's Uburchyard, at, 7. (Inst.)
 1.175-l'eckhim, Lord Wellington Hotel, sli,
1.91 -Athenæum, Athenaum, Camdon Road, $N$,
 585-Royal Commemoration, Fox and Lounts hotol, Up. Richnomal-ri. S.V.


 $1766-$ St. Lconard, 'Nown Hall, Shoroditch

 R.i. is-Cunstitational, r'riwate iomm:, hestons ump



M.M. - fimul Masters, sa hod hoon sighece W. ., it 7 (Instruction)









611-Marches, hasouic Hall, Ludiow
 673-N't. Juna, Atasonic Hath, haverpuol, it t. ([asariction)
bis-Earl Ellesmere, Charch Hotel, Kershey, Faraworbh, near Bolton



1037-Porthand, Porthand Hall, Porchand. ([nstruction.)

1063-Malling Abbey, Bear Inn, West Malling, Kent 1085-Hartiugtom, Masonic Mall, Aower-street, Dorbs
1091-Erme. Rrme Honse, Lrybridgo, Devin
1167 -Alnwick, Masonie Hall, Clayport-sret, Alnwick 1167-Alnwick, Masonic Hall, Clayport-srro
1206-Cingue Ports, Bell Hotel, Sandwich
1218-Pr-Earl of Durham, Freemasom’ Hall, Chester-le-Streot
13:3-Talbot, Masonic Rooms, Wind-stroet, Swansea
333-Lindsay, 20 King-street, Wigan
135.1-Marguis of Lorne, Masonic Roms, Leigh, Lancishire 1358-De Grey anil Ripon, 140 North Hill. strect, Civerpool, at 7.30 . (Inst.) 363-Tyndall, Town Hall, Chipping Soilbury, Gloncester.
1.431-St. Alphege, George Hotel, Solishn

1519-Abercorn, Abercorn Hotel, Great Stanmore.
620-Marlborourh, Derby Hall, Tue Brook, Liverp
693--Hervey, White Hart Hotel, Bronleg, Kent, at 8.30. (Instruction)
1730-St. John's, St. Johu's Rooms, King X Street, Halifus
18.2-St. Leonard, Concert Rooms, St. Leonard'soou-Soz
18.2-St. Leonard, Concert Rooms, St. Leonard Soou-So

20t2-Apollo, Masonic Hall, 22 Hope Street, Liverpool
R.A. 54-Hope, Spread Eagle Inn, Cheetham Street, Rochdale
R.A. 221-St. John, Commercial Hotel, Town Hall Squaro, Bolton
R.A. 300-Perscverance, Pitt and Nelson Hotel, Ashton-under-Cyno
R.A. 301 -Philanthropic, Masonic Hall, Groat Goorge Streot, Leeds
R.A. 3:12-Royal Sussex, Masonic, 79 Commercial
R.A. 47-11-Fitelity, Peters, Masonic Hall, Fore Street, Tiverton
M. M1. 36-Furness, Hartington Hotel, Duke-street, Barrow-in-Furness

## THURSDAY, 7th OCTOBER.

27-Egyptian, Anderton's Fotel, Fleet Stroe
27-Egyptian, Hercules Tavern, Leadenhall-stroet, E.C., nt 7.30 (Instruction) 45-Strong Man, Masons' Hall Tavern, Masons'-ivenue, Bisinghall-stroet 87-Vitruvian, White Hart, College-stroet, Lambeth, at \& (Instraction)
14-St. Luke, White Hart, King's-road, Chelsen, at 7.30 . (Invtuction) 1.7 -Justice, Brown Bear, High Street, Deptford, at 8. (Instrutuction 102-Lion and Lamb, City Terminus Hotol, Oannon-strvet
227-Ionic, Ship and T'urtle, Leadenhall Street
435-Salishary, Union Thvern, Air-street, Regent-street, W., at 8. ([nst.) 638-La Tolerach, Green Droson, Sto
 742 -Crystal Palace, Crystal Palace, Sydenham
749-Belgrave, The Clarence, Aldersgate Street, E.C. ([nstrnction)
70.-H-High Cross, Coach and Elorses, Lewor 'dottenham, at, 8 (Instruction) 879-Southwark, Sity of London, Jamaica Coffee House, Cornhill, itherhithe Now Rd. (In.
158-Southern Star, Pheasant, Stangate, Westminstar-hיhillge, at 3 (Inst.) 178-Perfect Ashlar, Bridge House Hotel, Southwark
278-Burdett Coutts, Swan Tavern, Bethnal Groen Roar, E., S. ([nstmaction) 1339-Stockwell, Cock Tavern, Kennington-road, at 7.30 ([nstraction) 1351-St. Cloment Danes, 265. Strand
426-The Great City, Masons'Hall, Masons' Avenue, E.C., at f.3) ([n-4t) 539-Surrey Masonic Hall, Surrey Masonic Hall, Camberwell, S.E. 602-Sir Hugh Myddelton, White Horse Tavern, Liverpool Rand (atorn (In) Theberton Street) N., at 8. (Instruction)
612-West Middlesex, Bell Eotel, Erling, at 8. (Instruction)
161.4-Covent Garden, Criterion, W., at 8. (Instruction)

1622-Rose, Stirling Castle Hotel, Chureh Street, Ounhorvell. ([nstruction) 1625-Trelegar, Wellington Arms, Wollington Roa l, Bow, H., it 7.30. (Inv!) 1077-Crusaders, Old Jerusalem Tiv., St. John's Gato, Clevkonw.;1, it: 9 (Inat) 74b-Royal Savoy, Yorkshire Grey, London Street, W., at 8 (Iattruction) 1765-Trinity College, 61 Weymouth Street
1772-Pimlico, Morpeth Arms Tavern; Millban
1772-Pimlico, Morpeth Arms Tavern; Milbbank
791-Creaton, Wheatshear Tavern, Goldhawk Road, Shepherds Bush. ([nst)
1950-Southgate, Railway Hotel, New Southgate, at 7.30. (Instruction)
R.A. 174-Sincerity, Cheshire Cheese 'lavern, Crutched Friars
R.A. 753-Prince Frederick William, Lord's Hotel, St. John's Wood, at 8. (In.)
R.A. 1471-North London, Alwyne Castle Tavern, St. Paul's Road, Canonbur
at 8. (Instruction)
r.M. 109-Duke of Connanght, Haverlock, Albion-ru., Dalston, at 8. (Inst.)

24-Newcastle-on-Tyne, Freemasons' Hall, Grainger-st., Noscastlo.
38-Union, Council Ch, Masonic Room, Canterbury
41-Royal Cumberland, Mnsonic Hall. Old Orcharil-strest, Bath
116-Rnights or halta, George Hotel, Hinckley, Leicostershire
123-Lennox, Freemasons'
208-Three Grand Principles Hall, Richmond, Yorkshire
249-Mariners, Masonic Hall, Liverpool
204-Trinity, Craven Arms Hotel, Coventr
266-Napthali, Masonic Hall, Motel, Coventry
269-Fidelity, White Bull Hotel, Blackburn
276-Garmony, Masonic Hall, Sonth Parade, Huddersfinl
283-Amity, Swan Hotel, Market-place Hoslingrond
289-Fidelity, Masonic Hall, Carlton-hill, Leods
$29 \tilde{0}$-Constitutional, Assemply Rooms, Beverley, Yorks
290-Combermere Union, Macclesfield Arms, Macclestiold
300-Minerva, Pitt and Nelson, Ashton-under-Lyns
317-Affability, Freemasons
339-Unanimity Cremasons' Hall, Cooper-street, Manchestor
341-Wellington, Cinque Ports Penrith, Gamberlan
341 -Faith, Bull's Head Inn, Radel, Ryv
360 -Pornfret, Abington Street, Nort ,
419-St. Peter, Star and Garter Hotel Wolverhampton.
446-Benevolent, Town Hall, Well, Chester
509-Tees Fraomasons' Hall Stocton Dutshir
539-St. Matthew Dra Hanl, Stockton, Durham.
636-Ogle, Masonic Hall, Morpeth
637-Portland, Masonic Ronms, Towa Hall, Stoke-upon-Tront,
793-Blacdon, Ridley Arms Hotel, Blythc
976-Royal Clarence, Blue Ball Bruton, Mand Hane, Great Grimshy
1000-Priory, Middleton Hotel, Southend on Sea
074-Prince of Wales, Derby Hotel, Bury, Lancashire
Doss- Underley, Masonic Room, Market-place, Kirk);' in instlale
lif.-Mosal Edward, Commercial Inn, Stalybridse
182-Duke of Edinhurgh, Masonic Hall, Liverpool, at 7.30. (Instrnetion)
23-Savile, Royal Hotel, Elland
1281-Ancholme, Foresters' Hanl, Brigg, Lincolnshire
$1304-$ - Brent, Glive Union Motel, Topsham, Devonshirre
1367-Beaminster Manor, White, Horncastle, Lincolnshire
370-Marruess of Rinon, Masonic Hall, Darlingt 14
1473-Bi-Binity, Alforde Chambers, Widnes
500- Watpole Town Hall, Bootlo, Laucashire
1501-Red Rose of Hotel, Norwich
513-Friendly, King's Head Starkie's Arms Hotel, Padibam, near Burnle

1576-Dee, Union Hotel, Parkgate, Cheshir
1.an-mrambourne, Red Lion Hntel, Hatfieh. Herts, at 8. (Instraction)

1770-Vatling-street, Cock Iotel, Stoney Stratford, Buck
1807-Loyal Wye, Buith, Breconshire
20:9-Burrell, Georre Hotel, Shorehtim, 2050-St. Trinians, Masonic Ifall, Luch Patiulo, Dunglas, Isle of Man
R.A. 187-Charity, 1 Freemasons' Hall, Park Street, Bristol
R.A. 302-Charity, Now Masonic Hall, Darley-street, Braltor
R.A. k29-Thanet, RoFal Eotel, Ramserate
R.A. $581-$ Rectithde, Corporation Hotel, Tipping-st., Ardwiok, Oponshizv, Mius

R.A. 107.-Bective, Masonic Rooms, Kirkby, Lonstale
R.A. 1235-Phœonix of St. Aun, Court Hotel, Buxton

IK.M. 21-Howe, George Hotel, Molton Mowbiay
M.M. 53-Britannia, Freemasons ${ }^{2}$ Hall. Sheffield
M.M. 158-Mose and Thistle, 20 King-streot, Wigan

FRIDAY, 8th OCTOBER.
Emulation Lodgo of Improvement, Freemasons' Hall, at $\overline{7}$, ${ }_{10} 7$-Bedford, Freemasons' Hall, W.O.
177-Domatic, Anderton's Hotel, Fleet-street, E.O.
507-United Pilgrims, Surroe Masonic Mall, Camberwoll, at 7.30. (Tnst.)
766-William Preston, St. Andrew's Tavorn, Georyc St., Maker St., it \&. (In)
831-Ranelagh, Six Bells, Haminersmith. (Instraction)
933 -Doric, Duke's Head, 79 Whitechapel Roid, at 3 . (Instruction)
1058-Metropolitan, Portugal Hotel, Fleet Strect, E.C., at 7. (Instraction) 180-Lewis, Fishmongers' Arms Hotel, Wood Green, at 7.30. (Enstrction)
1201-Eclectic, Freomasons' Hall, W.C.
1233-Royal Standard, Alwyne Castle, St. Paal's Roul, Cannn!ury, at 3. ([n)
$1365-$ Clapton, White Hart, Lowor Clilpton, at 7.30 . (Instraction)
1642-G. Uarnurvon, Liulbroke Hall, Nottiar Hill, it 3. (Lustriction)
1789-Ubique, 79 Ebury Strect, Pimlico, S.W., it 7.30 . (Instruction)
R.A. - Panmuro C. of Improvement, Stirling Castle, Church Street, Camberwell
R.A. 33-Britannic, Freemasons' Trvern, W.C.
R.A. $7 \theta$-Pythavorean, Portiand Hotel, Loudoa Streat, Greenwich. (Inst).
R.A. $9 \overline{\text { D }}$-Eastern Star C. of Improvement, Horculos 'Liv., Lewlential Stre
R.A. 569 -F'itzroy, Head cquarters Hon. Artillery Company, City Roal, E.G.
R.A. $390-$ Eornsey, Porchestor Hotel, Leinster Place, Clevoland Suhare,

Paddington, W. (Improvement)
Crown and Cushion, London Wall,
M.M.-Old Kent, Crown and Cushion, London Wall, E.C. (Instruction)
M.M. 350-Royal Savoy, Moorgato Tavern, Finsbuty P
K.T. D. -Mount Calvary, 8a Red Lion Square, W.C.

36-Glamorgan, Freamasons' Hall, Arcade, St. Mirr's's S ireot, Ciu:diff
155 --Perseverance, Masonicl Hall, Livorpool
403-Chigwell, Public Hall, Station Roall, Lourghton, at 7.30. (Instruction) 458 -Aire and Caldor, Private Rooms, Otse Strost, Goole
526 -Honour, Star and Garter Hotel, Wolverhampron
526-Honour, Star and Garter Hotel, Wolverhampton
662-Dartmoth, Dartm, Town Hall, Stretford-road, Hulme
1001-Harrogate and Claro, Masonic Rooms, Parl itn mat Sievot. Hareo fato 1087-Beaudesert, Assumbly Rooms, Corn Axenthy
1121-Wear Valley, Maronic Hill, Bishop Anckland
$1143-$ Royal Denbigh, Council Roora, Donbigh
1289 -Rock, Royal Rock Hotel, Rock Ferry
General Lodge of Instruction, Misonic Hall, New Strues, Birminghum, it
R.A. 119-Sun Scuare and Compass, Masonic Hall, Whitehavon
R.A. 137--Amity, Masonic Hall, Poolo
R.A. 137-Amity, Masonic Eall, Poolo
R.A. 601-Eyton St. John, Wreken Hotol, Wellington, Salop
R.A. $406-$ De Sussex, Masonic Hall, Maple Street, Newcastle

## SATURDAY, 9th OCTOBER.

Quarterly General Court Girls' School, Freomasons' Hall, at 12
176-Caveac, Albion Tavern, Aldersgate-street $127 \overline{0}-$ Star, Five Bells, $1 \overline{0} \mathrm{D}$ New Cross-road, S. E., at 7. (Instruction)
1361-Earl of Zetland, Royal Edward, Triangle, Hiactavy, it 7 ([astruction)
1426-The Great City, Cannon Street Hotel
1607-Loyalty, London Tavern, Fenchurch Stro3
169 -Eccleston, Crown and Anchir, 79 Ebibury Street, S.W., at 7 (Instraction)
1671 -Mizpah, Albion Hotel, Aldersgate-street
1685-Guelph, Red Lion, Leytoustone Holborn Viaduct
1743--Perseverance, Imperial Hotel, Holborn
1964-Clerkenwell, Holborn Viaduct Hotel, E.C.
2012-Chiswick, Windsor Castle Hotel, King Strect, Hammersmith, at 7.30. (In) Sinai Ghapter of Improvement, Union, Air-street, Revent-sti, W., at o
M.A. 820 - 211 -Hammersmith, Windsor Castle Hotel, King Street, W. Hammorsmith

303 -Prince George, Private Rooms, Bottoms, Eastwood
637-Unity, Harrow
1090-Himp:hire L. of Emulation, Freemasons' Hall, Landport, Portsmoath 2069-Prudence, Masonic Hal, Leeds
R.A. 811-Yarborough, Royal Pavilion, Brightou

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